

117TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

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Congratulating the students, parents, teachers, and leaders of charter schools across the United States for making ongoing contributions to education, and supporting the ideals and goals of the 22nd annual National Charter Schools Week, to be held May 9 through May 15, 2021.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina (for himself, Mr. BENNET, Mr. CASSIDY, Mr. BRAUN, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. CRUZ, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. YOUNG, Mr. WICKER, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. TUBERVILLE, Mr. TILLIS, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. RUBIO, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. CARPER, and Mr. HAGERTY) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on

RESOLUTION

Congratulating the students, parents, teachers, and leaders of charter schools across the United States for making ongoing contributions to education, and supporting the ideals and goals of the 22nd annual National Charter Schools Week, to be held May 9 through May 15, 2021.

Whereas charter schools are public schools that do not charge tuition and enroll any student who wants to attend, often through a random lottery when the demand for enrollment is outmatched by the supply of available charter school seats;

Whereas high-performing public charter schools deliver a high-quality public education and challenge all students to reach their potential for academic success;

Whereas public charter schools promote innovation and excellence in public education;

Whereas public charter schools throughout the United States provide millions of families with diverse and innovative educational options for the children of those families;

Whereas high-performing public charter schools and charter management organizations are increasing student achievement and attendance rates at institutions of higher education;

Whereas public charter schools are authorized by a designated entity and—

(1) respond to the needs of communities, families, and students in the United States; and

(2) promote the principles of quality, accountability, choice, high-performance, and innovation;

Whereas, in exchange for flexibility and autonomy, public charter schools are held accountable by the authorizers of the charter schools for improving student achievement and for sound financial and operational management;

Whereas public charter schools are required to meet the student achievement accountability requirements under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) in the same manner as traditional public schools;

Whereas public charter schools often set higher expectations for students, beyond the requirements of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301

et seq.), to ensure that the charter schools are of high quality and truly accountable to the public;

Whereas 44 States, the District of Columbia, Guam, and Puerto Rico have public charter schools;

Whereas, as of the 2018–2019 school year, more than 7,500 public charter schools served approximately 3,300,000 children;

Whereas enrollment in public charter schools grew from 400,000 students in 2001 to 3,300,000 students in 2019, a more than eightfold increase in 18 years;

Whereas in the United States—

(1) in 241 school districts, more than 10 percent of public school students are enrolled in public charter schools; and

(2) in at least 29 school districts, at least 30 percent of public school students are enrolled in public charter schools;

Whereas public charter schools improve the achievement of students enrolled in the charter schools and collaborate with traditional public schools to improve public education for all students;

Whereas public charter schools—

(1) give parents the freedom to choose public schools;

(2) routinely measure parental satisfaction levels; and

(3) must prove the ongoing success of the charter schools to parents, policymakers, and the communities served by the charter schools or risk closure;

Whereas a 2015 report from the Center for Research on Education Outcomes at Stanford University found sig-

nificant improvements for students at urban charter schools, and, when compared to peers in traditional public schools, each year those students completed the equivalent of 28 more days of learning in reading and 40 more days of learning in math;

Whereas a 2020 study from the Program on Education Policy and Governance at Harvard University found greater academic gains for student cohorts in charter schools than for student cohorts in traditional public schools , and students attending charter schools were almost 6 months ahead of their peers in traditional public schools over the 12-year span of the study;

Whereas parental demand for charter schools is high, and there was nearly 5 percent growth in charter school enrollment between the 2017–2018 and 2018–2019 school years; and

Whereas the 22nd annual National Charter Schools Week is scheduled to be celebrated the week of May 9 through May 15, 2021: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2 (1) congratulates the students, families, teach-
3 ers, leaders, and staff of public charter schools
4 across the United States for—

5 (A) making ongoing contributions to public
6 education;

7 (B) making impressive strides in closing
8 the academic achievement gap in schools in the
9 United States, particularly in schools with some

1 of the most disadvantaged students in both
2 rural and urban communities; and

3 (C) improving and strengthening the public
4 school system throughout the United States;

5 (2) supports the ideals and goals of the 22nd
6 annual National Charter Schools Week, a week-long
7 celebration to be held May 9 through May 15, 2021,
8 in communities throughout the United States; and

9 (3) encourages the people of the United States
10 to hold appropriate programs, ceremonies, and ac-
11 tivities during National Charter Schools Week to
12 demonstrate support for public charter schools.