AM	TENDMENT NO Calendar No
Pu	rpose: In the nature of a substitute.
IN	THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—115th Cong., 2d Sess.
	S. 3649
То	provide for programs to help reduce the risk that prisoners will recidivate upon release from prison, and for other purposes.
R	eferred to the Committee on and ordered to be printed
	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed
A	MENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by
Viz	:
1	Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-
2	lowing:
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
4	(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
5	"First Step Act of 2018".
6	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
7	this Act is as follows:
	Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
	TITLE I—RECIDIVISM REDUCTION
	Sec. 101. Risk and needs assessment system. Sec. 102. Implementation of system and recommendations by Bureau of Prisons.
	Sec. 103. GAO report. Sec. 104. Authorization of appropriations. Sec. 105. Rule of construction.

- Sec. 106. Faith-based considerations.
- Sec. 107. Independent Review Committee.

TITLE II—BUREAU OF PRISONS SECURE FIREARMS STORAGE

- Sec. 201. Short title.
- Sec. 202. Secure firearms storage.

TITLE III—RESTRAINTS ON PREGNANT PRISONERS PROHIBITED

Sec. 301. Use of restraints on prisoners during the period of pregnancy and postpartum recovery prohibited.

TITLE IV—SENTENCING REFORM

- Sec. 401. Reduce and restrict enhanced sentencing for prior drug felonies.
- Sec. 402. Broadening of existing safety valve.
- Sec. 403. Clarification of section 924(c) of title 18, United States Code.
- Sec. 404. Application of Fair Sentencing Act.

TITLE V—SECOND CHANCE ACT OF 2007 REAUTHORIZATION

- Sec. 501. Short title.
- Sec. 502. Improvements to existing programs.
- Sec. 503. Audit and accountability of grantees.
- Sec. 504. Federal reentry improvements.
- Sec. 505. Federal interagency reentry coordination.
- Sec. 506. Conference expenditures.
- Sec. 507. Evaluation of the Second Chance Act program.
- Sec. 508. GAO review.

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS CRIMINAL JUSTICE

- Sec. 601. Placement of prisoners close to families.
- Sec. 602. Home confinement for low-risk prisoners.
- Sec. 603. Federal prisoner reentry initiative reauthorization; modification of imposed term of imprisonment.
- Sec. 604. Identification for returning citizens.
- Sec. 605. Expanding inmate employment through Federal Prison Industries.
- Sec. 606. De-escalation training.
- Sec. 607. Evidence-Based treatment for opioid and heroin abuse.
- Sec. 608. Pilot programs.
- Sec. 609. Ensuring supervision of released sexually dangerous persons.
- Sec. 610. Data collection.
- Sec. 611. Healthcare products.
- Sec. 612. Adult and juvenile collaboration programs.
- Sec. 613. Juvenile solitary confinement.

3

1	TITLE I—RECIDIVISM
2	REDUCTION
3	SEC. 101. RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.
4	(a) In General.—Chapter 229 of title 18, United
5	States Code, is amended by inserting after subchapter C
6	the following:
7	"SUBCHAPTER D—RISK AND NEEDS
8	ASSESSMENT SYSTEM
	"Sec. "3631. Duties of the Attorney General. "3632. Development of risk and needs assessment system. "3633. Evidence-based recidivism reduction program and recommendations. "3634. Report. "3635. Definitions.
9	"§ 3631. Duties of the Attorney General
10	"(a) In General.—The Attorney General shall
11	carry out this subchapter in consultation with—
12	"(1) the Director of the Bureau of Prisons;
13	"(2) the Director of the Administrative Office
14	of the United States Courts;
15	"(3) the Director of the Office of Probation and
16	Pretrial Services;
17	"(4) the Director of the National Institute of
18	Justice;
19	"(5) the Director of the National Institute of
20	Corrections; and
21	"(6) the Independent Review Committee au-
22	thorized by the First Step Act of 2018

1	"(b) Duties.—The Attorney General shall—
2	"(1) conduct a review of the existing prisoner
3	risk and needs assessment systems in operation on
4	the date of enactment of this subchapter;
5	"(2) develop recommendations regarding evi-
6	dence-based recidivism reduction programs and pro-
7	ductive activities in accordance with section 3633;
8	"(3) conduct ongoing research and data anal-
9	ysis on—
10	"(A) evidence-based recidivism reduction
11	programs relating to the use of prisoner risk
12	and needs assessment tools;
13	"(B) the most effective and efficient uses
14	of such programs;
15	"(C) which evidence-based recidivism re-
16	duction programs are the most effective at re-
17	ducing recidivism, and the type, amount, and
18	intensity of programming that most effectively
19	reduces the risk of recidivism; and
20	"(D) products purchased by Federal agen-
21	cies that are manufactured overseas and could
22	be manufactured by prisoners participating in a
23	prison work program without reducing job op-
24	portunities for other workers in the United
25	States;

1	(4) on an annual basis, review, validate, and
2	release publicly on the Department of Justice
3	website the risk and needs assessment system, which
4	review shall include—
5	"(A) any subsequent changes to the risk
6	and needs assessment system made after the
7	date of enactment of this subchapter;
8	"(B) the recommendations developed under
9	paragraph (2), using the research conducted
10	under paragraph (3);
11	"(C) an evaluation to ensure that the risk
12	and needs assessment system bases the assess-
13	ment of each prisoner's risk of recidivism on in-
14	dicators of progress and of regression that are
15	dynamic and that can reasonably be expected to
16	change while in prison;
17	"(D) statistical validation of any tools that
18	the risk and needs assessment system uses; and
19	"(E) an evaluation of the rates of recidi-
20	vism among similarly classified prisoners to
21	identify any unwarranted disparities, including
22	disparities among similarly classified prisoners
23	of different demographic groups, in such rates
24	"(5) make any revisions or updates to the risk
25	and needs assessment system that the Attorney Gen-

eral determines appropriate pursuant to the review
under paragraph (4), including updates to ensure
that any disparities identified in paragraph $(4)(E)$
are reduced to the greatest extent possible; and
"(6) report to Congress in accordance with sec-
tion 3634.
"§ 3632. Development of risk and needs assessment
system
"(a) In General.—Not later than 210 days after
the date of enactment of this subchapter, the Attorney
General, in consultation with the Independent Review
Committee authorized by the First Step Act of 2018, shall
develop and release publicly on the Department of Justice
website a risk and needs assessment system (referred to
in this subchapter as the 'System'), which shall be used
to—
"(1) determine the recidivism risk of each pris-
oner as part of the intake process, and classify each
prisoner as having minimum, low, medium, or high
risk for recidivism;
"(2) assess and determine, to the extent prac-
ticable, the risk of violent or serious misconduct of
each prisoner;
"(3) determine the type and amount of evi-
dence-based recidivism reduction programming that

1	is appropriate for each prisoner and assign each
2	prisoner to such programming accordingly, and
3	based on the prisoner's specific criminogenic needs,
4	and in accordance with subsection (b);
5	"(4) reassess the recidivism risk of each pris-
6	oner periodically, based on factors including indica-
7	tors of progress, and of regression, that are dynamic
8	and that can reasonably be expected to change while
9	in prison;
10	"(5) reassign the prisoner to appropriate evi-
11	dence-based recidivism reduction programs or pro-
12	ductive activities based on the revised determination
13	to ensure that—
14	"(A) all prisoners at each risk level have a
15	meaningful opportunity to reduce their classi-
16	fication during the period of incarceration;
17	"(B) to address the specific criminogenic
18	needs of the prisoner; and
19	"(C) all prisoners are able to successfully
20	participate in such programs;
21	"(6) determine when to provide incentives and
22	rewards for successful participation in evidence-
23	based recidivism reduction programs or productive
24	activities in accordance with subsection (e);

1	"(7) determine when a prisoner is ready to
2	transfer into prerelease custody or supervised release
3	in accordance with section 3624; and
4	"(8) determine the appropriate use of audio
5	technology for program course materials with an un-
6	derstanding of dyslexia.
7	In carrying out this subsection, the Attorney General may
8	use existing risk and needs assessment tools, as appro-
9	priate.
10	"(b) Assignment of Evidence-based Recidivism
11	REDUCTION PROGRAMS.—The System shall provide guid-
12	ance on the type, amount, and intensity of evidence-based
13	recidivism reduction programming and productive activi-
14	ties that shall be assigned for each prisoner, including—
15	"(1) programs in which the Bureau of Prisons
16	shall assign the prisoner to participate, according to
17	the prisoner's specific criminogenic needs; and
18	"(2) information on the best ways that the Bu-
19	reau of Prisons can tailor the programs to the spe-
20	cific criminogenic needs of each prisoner so as to
21	most effectively lower each prisoner's risk of recidi-
22	vism.
23	"(c) Housing and Assignment Decisions.—The
24	System shall provide guidance on program grouping and
25	housing assignment determinations and, after accounting

1	for the safety of each prisoner and other individuals at
2	the prison, provide that prisoners with a similar risk level
3	be grouped together in housing and assignment decisions
4	to the extent practicable.
5	"(d) EVIDENCE-BASED RECIDIVISM REDUCTION
6	PROGRAM INCENTIVES AND PRODUCTIVE ACTIVITIES RE-
7	WARDS.—The System shall provide incentives and rewards
8	for prisoners to participate in and complete evidence-based
9	recidivism reduction programs as follows:
10	"(1) Phone and visitation privileges.—A
11	prisoner who is successfully participating in an evi-
12	dence-based recidivism reduction program shall re-
13	ceive—
14	"(A) phone privileges, or, if available, video
15	conferencing privileges, for up to 30 minutes
16	per day, and up to 510 minutes per month; and
17	"(B) additional time for visitation at the
18	prison, as determined by the warden of the pris-
19	on.
20	"(2) Transfer to institution closer to
21	RELEASE RESIDENCE.—A prisoner who is success-
22	fully participating in an evidence-based recidivism
23	reduction program shall be considered by the Bu-
24	reau of Prisons for placement in a facility closer to

1	the prisoner's release residence upon request from
2	the prisoner and subject to—
3	"(A) bed availability at the transfer facil-
4	ity;
5	"(B) the prisoner's security designation
6	and
7	"(C) the recommendation from the warder
8	of the prison at which the prisoner is incarcer-
9	ated at the time of making the request.
10	"(3) Additional policies.—The Director of
11	the Bureau of Prisons shall develop additional poli-
12	cies to provide appropriate incentives for successful
13	participation and completion of evidence-based re-
14	cidivism reduction programming. The incentives
15	shall include not less than 2 of the following:
16	"(A) Increased commissary spending limits
17	and product offerings.
18	"(B) Extended opportunities to access the
19	email system.
20	"(C) Consideration of transfer to preferred
21	housing units (including transfer to different
22	prison facilities).
23	"(D) Other incentives solicited from pris-
24	oners and determined appropriate by the Direc-
25	tor.

1	"(4) Time credits.—
2	"(A) In general.—A prisoner, except for
3	an ineligible prisoner under subparagraph (D)
4	who successfully completes evidence-based re-
5	cidivism reduction programming or productive
6	activities, shall earn time credits as follows:
7	"(i) A prisoner shall earn 10 days of
8	time credits for every 30 days of successful
9	participation in evidence-based recidivism
10	reduction programming or productive ac-
11	tivities.
12	"(ii) A prisoner determined by the
13	Bureau of Prisons to be at a minimum or
14	low risk for recidivating, who, over 2 con-
15	secutive assessments, has not increased
16	their risk of recidivism, shall earn an addi-
17	tional 5 days of time credits for every 30
18	days of successful participation in evi-
19	dence-based recidivism reduction program-
20	ming or productive activities.
21	"(B) AVAILABILITY.—A prisoner may not
22	earn time credits under this paragraph for an
23	evidence-based recidivism reduction program
24	that the prisoner successfully completed—

1	"(i) prior to the date of enactment of
2	this subchapter; or
3	"(ii) during official detention prior to
4	the date that the prisoner's sentence com-
5	mences under section 3585(a).
6	"(C) Application of time credits to-
7	WARD PRERELEASE CUSTODY OR SUPERVISED
8	RELEASE.—Time credits earned under this
9	paragraph by prisoners who successfully partici-
10	pate in recidivism reduction programs or pro-
11	ductive activities shall be applied toward time in
12	prerelease custody or supervised release. The
13	Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall transfer
14	eligible prisoners, as determined under section
15	3624(g), into prerelease custody or supervised
16	release.
17	"(D) Ineligible prisoners.—A prisoner
18	is ineligible to receive time credits under this
19	paragraph if the prisoner is serving a sentence
20	for a conviction under any of the following pro-
21	visions of law:
22	"(i) Section 81, relating to arson
23	within special maritime and territorial ju-
24	risdiction.

1	(11) Section 111(b), relating to as-
2	saulting, resisting, or impeding certain of-
3	ficers or employees using a deadly or dan-
4	gerous weapon or inflicting bodily injury.
5	"(iii) Paragraph (1), (7), or (8) of
6	section 113(a), relating to assault with in-
7	tent to commit murder, assault resulting in
8	substantial bodily injury to a spouse or in-
9	timate partner, a dating partner, or an in-
10	dividual who has not attained the age of
11	16 years, or assault of a spouse, intimate
12	partner, or dating partner by strangling,
13	suffocating, or attempting to strangle or
14	suffocate.
15	"(iv) Section 115, relating to influ-
16	encing, impeding, or retaliating against a
17	Federal official by injuring a family mem-
18	ber, except for a threat made in violation
19	of that section.
20	"(v) Section 116, relating to female
21	genital mutilation.
22	"(vi) Section 117, relating to domestic
23	assault by a habitual offender.
24	"(vii) Any section of chapter 10, relat-
25	ing to biological weapons.

1	"(viii) Any section of chapter 11B, re-
2	lating to chemical weapons.
3	"(ix) Section 351, relating to Con-
4	gressional, Cabinet, and Supreme Court
5	assassination, kidnapping, and assault.
6	"(x) Section 521, relating to criminal
7	street gangs.
8	"(xi) Section 751, relating to pris-
9	oners in custody of an institution or offi-
10	cer.
11	"(xii) Section 793, relating to gath-
12	ering, transmitting, or losing defense infor-
13	mation.
14	"(xiii) Section 794, relating to gath-
15	ering or delivering defense information to
16	aid a foreign government.
17	"(xiv) Any section of chapter 39, re-
18	lating to explosives and other dangerous
19	articles, except for section 836 (relating to
20	the transportation of fireworks into a State
21	prohibiting sale or use).
22	"(xv) Section 842(p), relating to dis-
23	tribution of information relating to explo-
24	sives, destructive devices, and weapons of
25	mass destruction, but only if the conviction

1	involved a weapon of mass destruction (as
2	defined in section 2332a(c)).
3	"(xvi) Subsection (f)(3), (h), or (i) of
4	section 844, relating to the use of fire or
5	an explosive.
6	"(xvii) Section 924(c), relating to un-
7	lawful possession or use of a firearm dur-
8	ing and in relation to any crime of violence
9	or drug trafficking crime.
10	"(xviii) Section 1030(a)(1), relating to
11	fraud and related activity in connection
12	with computers.
13	"(xix) Any section of chapter 51, re-
14	lating to homicide, except for section 1112
15	(relating to manslaughter), 1113 (relating
16	to attempt to commit murder or man-
17	slaughter, but only if the conviction was
18	for an attempt to commit manslaughter),
19	1115 (relating to misconduct or neglect of
20	ship officers), or 1122 (relating to protec-
21	tion against the human immunodeficiency
22	virus).
23	"(xx) Any section of chapter 55, relat-
24	ing to kidnapping.

1	"(xxi) Any offense under chapter 77,
2	relating to peonage, slavery, and traf-
3	ficking in persons, except for sections 1593
4	through 1596.
5	"(xxii) Section 1751, relating to Pres-
6	idential and Presidential staff assassina-
7	tion, kidnapping, and assault.
8	"(xxiii) Section 1791, relating to pro-
9	viding or possessing contraband in prison.
10	"(xxiv) Section 1792, relating to mu-
11	tiny and riots.
12	"(xxv) Section 1841(a)(2)(C), relating
13	to intentionally killing or attempting to kill
14	an unborn child.
15	"(xxvi) Section 1992, relating to ter-
16	rorist attacks and other violence against
17	railroad carriers and against mass trans-
18	portation systems on land, on water, or
19	through the air.
20	"(xxvii) Section 2113(e), relating to
21	bank robbery resulting in death.
22	"(xxviii) Section 2118(c), relating to
23	robberies and burglaries involving con-
24	trolled substances resulting in assault, put-
25	ting in jeopardy the life of any person by

1	the use of a dangerous weapon or device,
2	or death.
3	"(xxix) Paragraph (2) or (3) of sec-
4	tion 2119, relating to taking a motor vehi-
5	cle (commonly referred to as 'carjacking')
6	that results in serious bodily injury or
7	death.
8	"(xxx) Any section of chapter 105, re-
9	lating to sabotage, except for section 2152.
10	"(xxxi) Any section of chapter 109A,
11	relating to sexual abuse.
12	"(xxxii) Section 2250, relating to fail-
13	ure to register as a sex offender.
14	"(xxxiii) Section 2251, relating to the
15	sexual exploitation of children.
16	"(xxxiv) Section 2251A, relating to
17	the selling or buying of children.
18	"(xxxv) Section 2252, relating to cer-
19	tain activities relating to material involving
20	the sexual exploitation of minors.
21	"(xxxvi) Section 2252A, relating to
22	certain activities involving material consti-
23	tuting or containing child pornography.
24	"(xxxvii) Section 2260, relating to the
25	production of sexually explicit depictions of

1	a minor for importation into the United
2	States.
3	"(xxxviii) Section 2283, relating to
4	the transportation of explosive, biological,
5	chemical, or radioactive or nuclear mate-
6	rials.
7	"(xxxix) Section 2284, relating to the
8	transportation of terrorists.
9	"(xl) Section 2291, relating to the de-
10	struction of a vessel or maritime facility,
11	but only if the conduct that led to the con-
12	viction involved a substantial risk of death
13	or serious bodily injury.
14	"(xli) Any section of chapter 113B,
15	relating to terrorism.
16	"(xlii) Section 2340A, relating to tor-
17	ture.
18	"(xliii) Section 2381, relating to trea-
19	son.
20	"(xliv) Section 2442, relating to the
21	recruitment or use of child soldiers.
22	"(xlv) An offense described in section
23	3559(c)(2)(F), for which the offender was
24	sentenced to a term of imprisonment of
25	more than 1 year, if the offender has a

1	previous conviction, for which the offender
2	served a term of imprisonment of more
3	than 1 year, for a Federal or State offense,
4	by whatever designation and wherever com-
5	mitted, consisting of murder (as described
6	in section 1111), voluntary manslaughter
7	(as described in section 1112), assault with
8	intent to commit murder (as described in
9	section 113(a)), aggravated sexual abuse
10	and sexual abuse (as described in sections
11	2241 and 2242), abusive sexual contact
12	(as described in sections $2244(a)(1)$ and
13	(a)(2)), kidnapping (as described in chap-
14	ter 55), carjacking (as described in section
15	2119), arson (as described in section
16	844(f)(3), (h), or (i)), or terrorism (as de-
17	scribed in chapter 113B).
18	"(xlvi) Section 57(b) of the Atomic
19	Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2077(b)),
20	relating to the engagement or participation
21	in the development or production of special
22	nuclear material.
23	"(xlvii) Section 92 of the Atomic En-
24	ergy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2122), relat-

1	ing to prohibitions governing atomic weap-
2	ons.
3	"(xlviii) Section 101 of the Atomic
4	Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2131), re-
5	lating to the atomic energy license require-
6	ment.
7	"(xlix) Section 224 or 225 of the
8	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
9	2274, 2275), relating to the communica-
10	tion or receipt of restricted data.
11	"(l) Section 236 of the Atomic Energy
12	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284), relating to
13	the sabotage of nuclear facilities or fuel.
14	"(li) Section 60123(b) of title 49, re-
15	lating to damaging or destroying a pipeline
16	facility, but only if the conduct which led
17	to the conviction involved a substantial risk
18	of death or serious bodily injury.
19	"(lii) Section 401(a) of the Controlled
20	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 841), relating
21	to manufacturing or distributing a con-
22	trolled substance in the case of a convic-
23	tion for an offense described in subpara-
24	graph (A), (B), or (C) of subsection (b)(1)
25	of that section for which death or serious

1	bodily injury resulted from the use of such
2	substance.
3	"(liii) Section 276(a) of the Immigra-
4	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1326).
5	relating to the reentry of a removed alien
6	but only if the alien is described in para-
7	graph (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of that
8	section.
9	"(liv) Section 277 of the Immigration
10	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1327), re-
11	lating to aiding or assisting certain aliens
12	to enter the United States.
13	"(lv) Section 278 of the Immigration
14	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1328), re-
15	lating to the importation of an alien into
16	the United States for an immoral purpose
17	"(lvi) Any section of the Export Ad-
18	ministration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. 4611
19	et seq.)
20	"(lvii) Section 206 of the Inter-
21	national Emergency Economic Powers Act
22	(50 U.S.C. 1705).
23	"(lviii) Section 601 of the National
24	Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3121), re-
25	lating to the protection of identities of cer-

1	tain United States undercover intelligence
2	officers, agents, informants, and sources.
3	"(lix) Subparagraph (A)(i) or (B)(i)
4	of section 401(b)(1) of the Controlled Sub-
5	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)) or para-
6	graph (1)(A) or (2)(A) of section 1010(b)
7	of the Controlled Substances Import and
8	Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960(b)), relating to
9	manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, or
10	possessing with intent to manufacture, dis-
11	tribute, dispense, or knowingly importing
12	or exporting, a mixture or substance con-
13	taining a detectable amount of heroin if
14	the sentencing court finds that the of-
15	fender was an organizer, leader, manager,
16	or supervisor of others in the offense, as
17	determined under the guidelines promul-
18	gated by the United States Sentencing
19	Commission.
20	"(lx) Subparagraph (A)(vi) or (B)(vi)
21	of section 401(b)(1) of the Controlled Sub-
22	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)) or para-
23	graph $(1)(F)$ or $(2)(F)$ of section $1010(b)$
24	of the Controlled Substances Import and
25	Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960(b)), relating to

manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, or
possessing with intent to manufacture, dis-
tribute, or dispense, a mixture or sub-
stance containing a detectable amount of
N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-
piperidinyl] propanamide, or any analogue
thereof.
"(lxi) Subparagraph (A)(viii) or
(B)(viii) of section 401(b)(1) of the Con-
trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
841(b)(1)) or paragraph $(1)(H)$ or $(2)(H)$
of section 1010(b) the Controlled Sub-
stances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C.
960(b)), relating to manufacturing, distrib-
uting, dispensing, or possessing with intent
to manufacture, distribute, or dispense, or
knowingly importing or exporting, a mix-
ture of substance containing a detectable
amount of methamphetamine, its salts, iso-
amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers, if the sen-
mers, or salts of its isomers, if the sen-
mers, or salts of its isomers, if the sentencing court finds that the offender was
mers, or salts of its isomers, if the sen- tencing court finds that the offender was an organizer, leader, manager, or super-

1	"(lii) Subparagraph (A) or (B) of sec-
2	tion 401(b)(1) of the Controlled Sub-
3	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)) or para-
4	graph (1) or (2) of section 1010(b) of the
5	Controlled Substances Import and Export
6	Act (21 U.S.C. 960(b)), relating to manu-
7	facturing, distributing, dispensing, or pos-
8	sessing with intent to manufacture, dis-
9	tribute, or dispense, a controlled substance,
10	or knowingly importing or exporting a con-
11	trolled substance, if the sentencing court
12	finds that—
13	"(I) the offense involved a mix-
14	ture or substance containing a detect-
15	able amount of N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-
16	phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]
17	propanamide, or any analogue thereof;
18	and
19	"(II) the offender was an orga-
20	nizer, leader, manager, or supervisor
21	of others in the offense, as determined
22	under the guidelines promulgated by
23	the United States Sentencing Com-
24	mission.

1	"(E) Deportable prisoners ineligible
2	TO APPLY TIME CREDITS.—
3	"(i) In general.—A prisoner is ineli-
4	gible to apply time credits under subpara-
5	graph (C) if the prisoner is the subject of
6	a final order of removal under any provi-
7	sion of the immigration laws (as such term
8	is defined in section 101(a)(17) of the Im-
9	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
10	1101(a)(17))).
11	"(ii) Proceedings.—The Attorney
12	General, in consultation with the Secretary
13	of Homeland Security, shall ensure that
14	any alien described in section 212 or 237
15	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
16	U.S.C. 1182, 1227) who seeks to earn time
17	credits are subject to proceedings described
18	in section 238(a) of that Act (8 U.S.C.
19	1228(a)) at a date as early as practicable
20	during the prisoner's incarceration.
21	"(5) Risk reassessments and level ad-
22	JUSTMENT.—A prisoner who successfully partici-
23	pates in evidence-based recidivism reduction pro-
24	gramming or productive activities shall receive peri-
25	odic risk reassessments not less often than annually,

1 and a prisoner determined to be at a medium or 2 high risk of recidivating and who has less than 5 3 years until his or her projected release date shall re-4 ceive more frequent risk reassessments. If the reas-5 sessment shows that the prisoner's risk 6 recidivating or specific needs have changed, the Bu-7 reau of Prisons shall update the determination of 8 the prisoner's risk of recidivating or information re-9 garding the prisoner's specific needs and reassign 10 the prisoner to appropriate evidence-based recidivism 11 reduction programming or productive activities 12 based on such changes. 13 "(6) Relation to other incentive pro-14 GRAMS.—The incentives described in this subsection 15 shall be in addition to any other rewards or incen-16 tives for which a prisoner may be eligible. "(e) Penalties.—The Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall develop guidelines for the reduction of rewards and incentives earned under subsection (d) for pris-

- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20 oners who violate prison rules or evidence-based recidivism
- 21 reduction program or productive activity rules, which shall
- 22 provide—
- 23 "(1) general levels of violations and resulting
- 24 reductions;

"(2) that any reduction that includes the loss of
time credits shall require written notice to the pris-
oner, shall be limited to time credits that a prisoner
earned as of the date of the prisoner's rule violation
and shall not include any future time credits that
the prisoner may earn; and
"(3) for a procedure to restore time credits that
a prisoner lost as a result of a rule violation, based
on the prisoner's individual progress after the date
of the rule violation.
"(f) Bureau of Prisons Training.—The Attorney
General shall develop and implement training programs
for Bureau of Prisons officers and employees responsible
for administering the System, which shall include—
"(1) initial training to educate officers and em-
ployees on how to use the System in an appropriate
and consistent manner, as well as the reasons for
using the System;
"(2) continuing education;
"(3) periodic training updates; and
"(4) a requirement that such officers and em-
ployees demonstrate competence in administering
the System, including interrater reliability, on a bi-
annual basis.

"(g) QUALITY ASSURANCE.—In order to ensure that
the Bureau of Prisons is using the System in an appro-
priate and consistent manner, the Attorney General shall
monitor and assess the use of the System, which shall in-
clude conducting annual audits of the Bureau of Prisons
regarding the use of the System.
"(h) Dyslexia Screening.—
"(1) Screening.—The Attorney General shall
incorporate a dyslexia screening program into the
System, including by screening for dyslexia during—
(((A\ 11
"(A) the intake process; and
"(A) the intake process; and "(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner.
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner. "(2) Treatment.—The Attorney General shall
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner. "(2) Treatment.—The Attorney General shall incorporate programs designed to treat dyslexia into
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner. "(2) Treatment.—The Attorney General shall incorporate programs designed to treat dyslexia into the evidence-based recidivism reduction programs or
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner. "(2) Treatment.—The Attorney General shall incorporate programs designed to treat dyslexia into the evidence-based recidivism reduction programs or productive activities required to be implemented
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner. "(2) TREATMENT.—The Attorney General shall incorporate programs designed to treat dyslexia into the evidence-based recidivism reduction programs or productive activities required to be implemented under this section. The Attorney General may also
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner. "(2) Treatment.—The Attorney General shall incorporate programs designed to treat dyslexia into the evidence-based recidivism reduction programs or productive activities required to be implemented under this section. The Attorney General may also incorporate programs designed to treat other learn-
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner. "(2) Treatment.—The Attorney General shall incorporate programs designed to treat dyslexia into the evidence-based recidivism reduction programs or productive activities required to be implemented under this section. The Attorney General may also incorporate programs designed to treat other learning disabilities.
"(B) each periodic risk reassessment of a prisoner. "(2) TREATMENT.—The Attorney General shall incorporate programs designed to treat dyslexia into the evidence-based recidivism reduction programs or productive activities required to be implemented under this section. The Attorney General may also incorporate programs designed to treat other learning disabilities. "§ 3633. Evidence-based recidivism reduction programs."

1	authorized by the First Step Act of 2018, the Attorney
2	General shall—
3	"(1) review the effectiveness of evidence-based
4	recidivism reduction programs that exist as of the
5	date of enactment of this subchapter in prisons oper-
6	ated by the Bureau of Prisons;
7	"(2) review available information regarding the
8	effectiveness of evidence-based recidivism reduction
9	programs and productive activities that exist in
10	State-operated prisons throughout the United
11	States;
12	"(3) identify the most effective evidence-based
13	recidivism reduction programs;
14	"(4) review the policies for entering into evi-
15	dence-based recidivism reduction partnerships de-
16	scribed in section 3621(h)(5); and
17	"(5) direct the Bureau of Prisons regarding—
18	"(A) evidence-based recidivism reduction
19	programs;
20	"(B) the ability for faith-based organiza-
21	tions to function as a provider of educational
22	evidence-based programs outside of the religious
23	classes and services provided through the Chap-
24	laincy; and

1	"(C) the addition of any new effective evi-
2	dence-based recidivism reduction programs that
3	the Attorney General finds.
4	"(b) REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING
5	Dyslexia Mitigation.—In carrying out subsection (a)
6	the Attorney General shall consider the prevalence and
7	mitigation of dyslexia in prisons, including by—
8	"(1) reviewing statistics on the prevalence of
9	dyslexia, and the effectiveness of any programs im-
10	plemented to mitigate the effects of dyslexia, in pris-
11	ons operated by the Bureau of Prisons and State-op-
12	erated prisons throughout the United States; and
13	"(2) incorporating the findings of the Attorney
14	General under paragraph (1) of this subsection into
15	any directives given to the Bureau of Prisons under
16	paragraph (5) of subsection (a).
17	"§ 3634. Report
18	"Beginning on the date that is 2 years after the date
19	of enactment of this subchapter, and annually thereafter
20	for a period of 5 years, the Attorney General shall submit
21	a report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate
22	and the House of Representatives and the Subcommittees
23	on Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies of
24	the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the
25	House of Representatives that contains the following:

1	"(1) A summary of the activities and accom-
2	plishments of the Attorney General in carrying out
3	this Act.
4	"(2) A summary and assessment of the types
5	and effectiveness of the evidence-based recidivism re-
6	duction programs and productive activities in prisons
7	operated by the Bureau of Prisons, including—
8	"(A) evidence about which programs have
9	been shown to reduce recidivism;
10	"(B) the capacity of each program and ac-
11	tivity at each prison, including the number of
12	prisoners along with the recidivism risk of each
13	prisoner enrolled in each program; and
14	"(C) identification of any gaps or short-
15	ages in capacity of such programs and activi-
16	ties.
17	"(3) Rates of recidivism among individuals who
18	have been released from Federal prison, based or
19	the following criteria:
20	"(A) The primary offense of conviction.
21	"(B) The length of the sentence imposed
22	and served.
23	"(C) The Bureau of Prisons facility or fa-
24	cilities in which the prisoner's sentence was
25	served.

1	"(D) The evidence-based recidivism reduc-
2	tion programming that the prisoner successfully
3	completed, if any.
4	"(E) The prisoner's assessed and reas-
5	sessed risk of recidivism.
6	"(F) The productive activities that the
7	prisoner successfully completed, if any.
8	"(4) The status of prison work programs at fa-
9	cilities operated by the Bureau of Prisons, includ-
10	ing—
11	"(A) a strategy to expand the availability
12	of such programs without reducing job opportu-
13	nities for workers in the United States who are
14	not in the custody of the Bureau of Prisons, in-
15	cluding the feasibility of prisoners manufac-
16	turing products purchased by Federal agencies
17	that are manufactured overseas;
18	"(B) an assessment of the feasibility of ex-
19	panding such programs, consistent with the
20	strategy required under subparagraph (A), with
21	the goal that 5 years after the date of enact-
22	ment of this subchapter, not less than 75 per-
23	cent of eligible minimum- and low-risk offenders
24	have the opportunity to participate in a prison

1	work program for not less than 20 hours per
2	week; and
3	"(C) a detailed discussion of legal authori-
4	ties that would be useful or necessary to achieve
5	the goals described in subparagraphs (A) and
6	(B).
7	"(5) An assessment of the Bureau of Prisons"
8	compliance with section 3621(h).
9	"(6) An assessment of progress made toward
10	carrying out the purposes of this subchapter, includ-
11	ing any savings associated with—
12	"(A) the transfer of prisoners into
13	prerelease custody or supervised release under
14	section 3624(g), including savings resulting
15	from the avoidance or deferral of future con-
16	struction, acquisition, and operations costs; and
17	"(B) any decrease in recidivism that may
18	be attributed to the System or the increase in
19	evidence-based recidivism reduction programs
20	required under this subchapter.
21	"(7) An assessment of budgetary savings result-
22	ing from this subchapter, including—
23	"(A) a summary of the amount of savings
24	resulting from the transfer of prisoners into
25	prerelease custody under this chapter, including

1	savings resulting from the avoidance or deferral
2	of future construction, acquisition, or oper-
3	ations costs;
4	"(B) a summary of the amount of savings
5	resulting from any decrease in recidivism that
6	may be attributed to the implementation of the
7	risk and needs assessment system or the in-
8	crease in recidivism reduction programs and
9	productive activities required by this sub-
10	chapter;
11	"(C) a strategy to reinvest the savings de-
12	scribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) in
13	other—
14	"(i) Federal, State, and local law en-
15	forcement activities; and
16	"(ii) expansions of recidivism reduc-
17	tion programs and productive activities in
18	the Bureau of Prisons; and
19	"(D) a description of how the reduced ex-
20	penditures on Federal corrections and the budg-
21	etary savings resulting from this subchapter are
22	currently being used and will be used to—
23	"(i) increase investment in law en-
24	forcement and crime prevention to combat
25	gangs of national significance and high-

1	level drug traffickers through the High In-
2	tensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program
3	and other task forces;
4	"(ii) hire, train, and equip law en-
5	forcement officers and prosecutors; and
6	"(iii) promote crime reduction pro-
7	grams using evidence-based practices and
8	strategic planning to help reduce crime
9	and criminal recidivism.
10	"(8) Statistics on—
11	"(A) the prevalence of dyslexia among
12	prisoners in prisons operated by the Bureau of
13	Prisons; and
14	"(B) any change in the effectiveness of
15	dyslexia mitigation programs among such pris-
16	oners that may be attributed to the incorpora-
17	tion of dyslexia screening into the System and
18	of dyslexia treatment into the evidence-based
19	recidivism reduction programs, as required
20	under this chapter.
21	"§ 3635. Definitions
22	"In this subchapter the following definitions apply:
23	"(1) Dyslexia.—The term 'dyslexia' means an
24	unexpected difficulty in reading for an individual
25	who has the intelligence to be a much better reader,

1	most commonly caused by a difficulty in the phono-
2	logical processing (the appreciation of the individual
3	sounds of spoken language), which affects the ability
4	of an individual to speak, read, and spell.
5	"(2) Dyslexia screening program.—The
6	term 'dyslexia screening program' means a screening
7	program for dyslexia that is—
8	"(A) evidence-based (as defined in section
9	8101(21) of the Elementary and Secondary
10	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801(21)))
11	with proven psychometrics for validity;
12	"(B) efficient and low-cost; and
13	"(C) readily available.
14	"(3) Evidence-based recidivism reduction
15	PROGRAM.—The term 'evidence-based recidivism re-
16	duction program' means either a group or individual
17	activity that—
18	"(A) has been shown by empirical evidence
19	to reduce recidivism or is based on research in-
20	dicating that it is likely to be effective in reduc-
21	ing recidivism;
22	"(B) is designed to help prisoners succeed
23	in their communities upon release from prison;
24	and
25	"(C) may include—

1	"(i) social learning and communica-
2	tion, interpersonal, anti-bullying, rejection
3	response, and other life skills;
4	"(ii) family relationship building
5	structured parent-child interaction, and
6	parenting skills;
7	"(iii) classes on morals or ethics;
8	"(iv) academic classes;
9	"(v) cognitive behavioral treatment;
10	"(vi) mentoring;
11	"(vii) substance abuse treatment;
12	"(viii) vocational training;
13	"(ix) faith-based classes or services;
14	"(x) civic engagement and reintegra-
15	tive community services;
16	"(xi) a prison job, including through a
17	prison work program;
18	"(xii) victim impact classes or other
19	restorative justice programs; and
20	"(xiii) trauma counseling and trauma-
21	informed support programs.
22	"(4) Prisoner.—The term 'prisoner' means a
23	person who has been sentenced to a term of impris-
24	onment pursuant to a conviction for a Federal crimi-

1	nal offense, or a person in the custody of the Bureau
2	of Prisons.
3	"(5) Productive activity.—The term 'pro-
4	ductive activity' means either a group or individual
5	activity that is designed to allow prisoners deter-
6	mined as having a minimum or low risk of
7	recidivating to remain productive and thereby main-
8	tain a minimum or low risk of recidivating, and may
9	include the delivery of the programs described in
10	paragraph (1) to other prisoners.
11	"(6) Risk and needs assessment tool.—
12	The term 'risk and needs assessment tool' means an
13	objective and statistically validated method through
14	which information is collected and evaluated to de-
15	termine—
16	"(A) as part of the intake process, the risk
17	that a prisoner will recidivate upon release from
18	prison;
19	"(B) the recidivism reduction programs
20	that will best minimize the risk that the pris-
21	oner will recidivate upon release from prison;
22	and
23	"(C) the periodic reassessment of risk that
24	a prisoner will recidivate upon release from
25	prison, based on factors including indicators of

1	progress and of regression, that are dynamic
2	and that can reasonably be expected to change
3	while in prison.".
4	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sub-
5	chapters for chapter 229 of title 18, United States Code,
6	is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"D. Risk and Needs Assessment
7	SEC. 102. IMPLEMENTATION OF SYSTEM AND REC-
8	OMMENDATIONS BY BUREAU OF PRISONS.
9	(a) Implementation of System Generally.—
10	Section 3621 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
11	by adding at the end the following:
12	"(h) Implementation of Risk and Needs As-
13	SESSMENT SYSTEM.—
14	"(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
15	after the Attorney General completes and releases
16	the risk and needs assessment system (referred to in
17	this subsection as the 'System') developed under
18	subchapter D, the Director of the Bureau of Prisons
19	shall, in accordance with that subchapter—
20	"(A) implement and complete the initial in-
21	take risk and needs assessment for each pris-
22	oner (including for each prisoner who was a
23	prisoner prior to the effective date of this sub-
24	section), regardless of the prisoner's length of
25	imposed term of imprisonment, and begin to as-

1	sign prisoners to appropriate evidence-based re-
2	cidivism reduction programs based on that de-
3	termination;
4	"(B) begin to expand the effective evi-
5	dence-based recidivism reduction programs and
6	productive activities it offers and add any new
7	evidence-based recidivism reduction programs
8	and productive activities necessary to effectively
9	implement the System; and
10	"(C) begin to implement the other risk and
11	needs assessment tools necessary to effectively
12	implement the System over time, while pris-
13	oners are participating in and completing the
14	effective evidence-based recidivism reduction
15	programs and productive activities.
16	"(2) Phase-in.—In order to carry out para-
17	graph (1), so that every prisoner has the opportunity
18	to participate in and complete the type and amount
19	of evidence-based recidivism reduction programs or
20	productive activities they need, and be reassessed for
21	recidivism risk as necessary to effectively implement
22	the System, the Bureau of Prisons shall—
23	"(A) provide such evidence-based recidi-
24	vism reduction programs and productive activi-
25	ties for all prisoners before the date that is 2

1 years after the date on which the Bureau of 2 Prisons completes a risk and needs assessment 3 for each prisoner under paragraph (1)(A); and 4 "(B) develop and validate the risk and 5 needs assessment tool to be used in the reas-6 sessments of risk of recidivism, while prisoners 7 are participating in and completing evidence-8 based recidivism reduction programs and pro-9 ductive activities. 10 "(3) Priority during phase-in.—During the 11 2-year period described in paragraph (2)(A), the pri-12 ority for such programs and activities shall be ac-13 corded based on a prisoner's proximity to release 14 date. "(4) Preliminary expansion of evidence-15 16 BASED RECIDIVISM REDUCTION PROGRAMS AND AU-17 THORITY TO USE INCENTIVES.—Beginning on the 18 date of enactment of this subsection, the Bureau of 19 Prisons may begin to expand any evidence-based re-20 cidivism reduction programs and productive activi-21 ties that exist at a prison as of such date, and may 22 offer to prisoners who successfully participate in 23 such programs and activities the incentives and re-24 wards described in subchapter D.

1	"(5) RECIDIVISM REDUCTION PARTNERSHIPS.—
2	In order to expand evidence-based recidivism reduc-
3	tion programs and productive activities, the Attorney
4	General shall develop policies for the warden of each
5	prison of the Bureau of Prisons to enter into part-
6	nerships, subject to the availability of appropria-
7	tions, with any of the following:
8	"(A) Nonprofit and other private organiza-
9	tions, including faith-based, art, and commu-
10	nity-based organizations that will deliver recidi-
11	vism reduction programming on a paid or vol-
12	unteer basis.
13	"(B) Institutions of higher education (as
14	defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
15	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) that will deliver
16	instruction on a paid or volunteer basis.
17	"(C) Private entities that will—
18	"(i) deliver vocational training and
19	certifications;
20	"(ii) provide equipment to facilitate
21	vocational training or employment opportu-
22	nities for prisoners;
23	"(iii) employ prisoners; or

1	"(iv) assist prisoners in prerelease
2	custody or supervised release in finding
3	employment.
4	"(D) Industry-sponsored organizations
5	that will deliver workforce development and
6	training, on a paid or volunteer basis.
7	"(6) Requirement to provide programs to
8	ALL PRISONERS; PRIORITY.—The Director of the
9	Bureau of Prisons shall provide all prisoners with
10	the opportunity to actively participate in evidence-
11	based recidivism reduction programs or productive
12	activities, according to their specific criminogenic
13	needs, throughout their entire term of incarceration.
14	Priority for participation in recidivism reduction pro-
15	grams shall be given to medium-risk and high-risk
16	prisoners, with access to productive activities given
17	to minimum-risk and low-risk prisoners.
18	"(7) Definitions.—The terms in this sub-
19	section have the meaning given those terms in sec-
20	tion 3635.".
21	(b) Prerelease Custody.—
22	(1) In General.—Section 3624 of title 18,
23	United States Code, is amended—
24	(A) in subsection (b)(1)—

1	(i) by striking ", beyond the time
2	served, of up to 54 days at the end of each
3	year of the prisoner's term of imprison-
4	ment, beginning at the end of the first
5	year of the term," and inserting "of up to
6	54 days for each year of the prisoner's sen-
7	tence imposed by the court,"; and
8	(ii) by striking "credit for the last
9	year or portion of a year of the term of im-
10	prisonment shall be prorated and credited
11	within the last six weeks of the sentence'
12	and inserting "credit for the last year of a
13	term of imprisonment shall be credited or
14	the first day of the last year of the term
15	of imprisonment"; and
16	(B) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(g) Prerelease Custody or Supervised Re-
18	LEASE FOR RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT SYSTEM PAR
19	TICIPANTS.—
20	"(1) Eligible prisoners.—This subsection
21	applies in the case of a prisoner (as such term is de-
22	fined in section 3635) who—
23	"(A) has earned time credits under the
24	risk and needs assessment system developed
25	under subchapter D (referred to in this sub-

1	section as the 'System') in an amount that is
2	equal to the remainder of the prisoner's im-
3	posed term of imprisonment;
4	"(B) has shown through the periodic risk
5	reassessments a demonstrated recidivism risk
6	reduction or has maintained a minimum or low
7	recidivism risk, during the prisoner's term of
8	imprisonment;
9	"(C) has had the remainder of the pris-
10	oner's imposed term of imprisonment computed
11	under applicable law; and
12	"(D)(i) in the case of a prisoner being
13	placed in prerelease custody, the prisoner—
14	"(I) has been determined under the
15	System to be a minimum or low risk to
16	recidivate pursuant to the last 2 reassess-
17	ments of the prisoner; or
18	"(II) has had a petition to be trans-
19	ferred to prerelease custody or supervised
20	release approved by the warden of the pris-
21	on, after the warden's determination
22	that—
23	"(aa) the prisoner would not be a
24	danger to society if transferred to

1	prerelease custody or supervised re-
2	lease;
3	"(bb) the prisoner has made a
4	good faith effort to lower their recidi-
5	vism risk through participation in re-
6	cidivism reduction programs or pro-
7	ductive activities; and
8	"(ce) the prisoner is unlikely to
9	recidivate; or
10	"(ii) in the case of a prisoner being placed
11	in supervised release, the prisoner has been de-
12	termined under the System to be a minimum or
13	low risk to recidivate pursuant to the last reas-
14	sessment of the prisoner.
15	"(2) Types of Prerelease Custody.—A
16	prisoner shall be placed in prerelease custody as fol-
17	lows:
18	"(A) Home confinement.—
19	"(i) In general.—A prisoner placed
20	in prerelease custody pursuant to this sub-
21	section who is placed in home confinement
22	shall—
23	"(I) be subject to 24-hour elec-
24	tronic monitoring that enables the
25	prompt identification of the prisoner,

1	location, and time, in the case of any
2	violation of subclause (II);
3	"(II) remain in the prisoner's
4	residence, except that the prisoner
5	may leave the prisoner's home in
6	order to, subject to the approval of
7	the Director of the Bureau of Pris-
8	ons—
9	"(aa) perform a job or job-
10	related activities, including an
11	apprenticeship, or participate in
12	job-seeking activities;
13	"(bb) participate in evi-
14	dence-based recidivism reduction
15	programming or productive ac-
16	tivities assigned by the System,
17	or similar activities;
18	"(cc) perform community
19	service;
20	"(dd) participate in crime
21	victim restoration activities;
22	"(ee) receive medical treat-
23	ment;
24	"(ff) attend religious activi-
25	ties; or

1	"(gg) participate in other
2	family-related activities that fa-
3	cilitate the prisoner's successful
4	reentry such as a family funeral,
5	a family wedding, or to visit a
6	family member who is seriously
7	ill; and
8	"(III) comply with such other
9	conditions as the Director determines
10	appropriate.
11	"(ii) Alternate means of moni-
12	TORING.—If the electronic monitoring of a
13	prisoner described in clause $(i)(I)$ is infea-
14	sible for technical or religious reasons, the
15	Director of the Bureau of Prisons may use
16	alternative means of monitoring a prisoner
17	placed in home confinement that the Direc-
18	tor determines are as effective or more ef-
19	fective than the electronic monitoring de-
20	scribed in clause (i)(I).
21	"(iii) Modifications.—The Director
22	of the Bureau of Prisons may modify the
23	conditions described in clause (i) if the Di-
24	rector determines that a compelling reason
25	exists to do so, and that the prisoner has

1	demonstrated exemplary compliance with
2	such conditions.
3	"(iv) Duration.—Except as provided
4	in paragraph (4), a prisoner who is placed
5	in home confinement shall remain in home
6	confinement until the prisoner has served
7	not less than 85 percent of the prisoner's
8	imposed term of imprisonment.
9	"(B) RESIDENTIAL REENTRY CENTER.—A
10	prisoner placed in prerelease custody pursuant
11	to this subsection who is placed at a residential
12	reentry center shall be subject to such condi-
13	tions as the Director of the Bureau of Prisons
14	determines appropriate.
15	"(3) Supervised release.—If the sentencing
16	court included as a part of the prisoner's sentence
17	a requirement that the prisoner be placed on a term
18	of supervised release after imprisonment pursuant to
19	section 3583, the Director of the Bureau of Prisons
20	may transfer the prisoner to begin any such term of
21	supervised release at an earlier date, not to exceed
22	12 months, based on the application of time credits
23	under section 3632.
24	"(4) Determination of conditions.—In de-
25	termining appropriate conditions for prisoners

SIL18C54 S.L.C.

placed in prerelease custody pursuant to this subsection, the Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall, to the extent practicable, provide that increasingly less restrictive conditions shall be imposed on prisoners who demonstrate continued compliance with the conditions of such prerelease custody, so as to most effectively prepare such prisoners for reentry.

"(5) VIOLATIONS OF CONDITIONS.—If a prisoner violates a condition of the prisoner's prerelease custody, the Director of the Bureau of Prisons may impose such additional conditions on the prisoner's prerelease custody as the Director of the Bureau of Prisons determines appropriate, or revoke the prisoner's prerelease custody and require the prisoner to serve the remainder of the term of imprisonment to which the prisoner was sentenced, or any portion thereof, in prison. If the violation is nontechnical in nature, the Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall revoke the prisoner's prerelease custody.

"(6) Issuance of Guidelines.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Assistant Director for the Office of Probation and Pretrial Services, shall issue guidelines for use by the Bureau of Prisons in determining—

1	"(A) the appropriate type of prerelease
2	custody or supervised release and level of super-
3	vision for a prisoner placed on prerelease cus-
4	tody pursuant to this subsection; and
5	"(B) consequences for a violation of a con-
6	dition of such prerelease custody by such a pris-
7	oner, including a return to prison and a reas-
8	sessment of evidence-based recidivism risk level
9	under the System.
10	"(7) AGREEMENTS WITH UNITED STATES PRO-
11	BATION AND PRETRIAL SERVICES.—The Director of
12	the Bureau of Prisons shall, to the greatest extent
13	practicable, enter into agreements with United
14	States Probation and Pretrial Services to supervise
15	prisoners placed in home confinement under this
16	subsection. Such agreements shall—
17	"(A) authorize United States Probation
18	and Pretrial Services to exercise the authority
19	granted to the Director pursuant to paragraphs
20	(3) and (4); and
21	"(B) take into account the resource re-
22	quirements of United States Probation and
23	Pretrial Services as a result of the transfer of
24	Bureau of Prisons prisoners to prerelease cus-
25	tody or supervised release.

"(8) Assistance.—United States Probation 1 2 and Pretrial Services shall, to the greatest extent 3 practicable, offer assistance to any prisoner not 4 under its supervision during prerelease custody 5 under this subsection. 6 "(9) Mentoring, reentry, and spiritual 7 SERVICES.—Any prerelease custody into which a 8 prisoner is placed under this subsection may not in-9 clude a condition prohibiting the prisoner from re-10 ceiving mentoring, reentry, or spiritual services from 11 a person who provided such services to the prisoner 12 while the prisoner was incarcerated, except that the 13 warden of the facility at which the prisoner was in-14 carcerated may waive the requirement under this 15 paragraph if the warden finds that the provision of 16 such services would pose a significant security risk 17 to the prisoner, persons who provide such services, 18 or any other person. The warden shall provide writ-19 ten notice of any such waiver to the person providing 20 such services and to the prisoner. "(10) TIME LIMITS INAPPLICABLE.—The time 21 22 limits under subsections (b) and (c) shall not apply 23 to prerelease custody under this subsection. "(11) Prerelease custody capacity.—The 24 25 Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure there

is sufficient prerelease custody capacity to accommodate all eligible prisoners.".

- (2) Effective date.—The amendments made by this subsection shall take effect beginning on the date that the Attorney General completes and releases the risk and needs assessment system under subchapter D of chapter 229 of title 18, United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act.
- 9 (3) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made 10 by this subsection shall apply with respect to of-11 fenses committed before, on, or after the date of en-12 actment of this Act, except that such amendments 13 shall not apply with respect to offenses committed 14 before November 1, 1987.

15 **SEC. 103. GAO REPORT.**

3

4

5

6

7

8

24

16 Not later than 2 years after the Director of the Bu-17 reau of Prisons implements the risk and needs assessment system under section 3621 of title 18, United States Code, 18 19 and every 2 years thereafter, the Comptroller General of 20 the United States shall conduct an audit of the use of the 21 risk and needs assessment system at Bureau of Prisons 22 facilities. The audit shall include analysis of the following: 23 (1) Whether inmates are being assessed under

the risk and needs assessment system with the fre-

1 quency required under such section 3621 of title 18, 2 United States Code. 3 (2) Whether the Bureau of Prisons is able to 4 offer recidivism reduction programs and productive 5 activities (as such terms are defined in section 3635) 6 of title 18, United States Code, as added by section 7 101(a) of this Act). 8 (3) Whether the Bureau of Prisons is offering 9 the type, amount, and intensity of recidivism reduc-10 tion programs and productive activities for prisoners 11 to earn the maximum amount of time credits for 12 which they are eligible. 13 (4) Whether the Attorney General is carrying 14 out the duties under section 3631(b) of title 18, 15 United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of 16 this Act. 17 (5) Whether officers and employees of the Bu-18 reau of Prisons are receiving the training described 19 in section 3632(f) of title 18, United States Code, 20 as added by section 101(a) of this Act. 21 (6) Whether the Bureau of Prisons offers work 22 assignments to all prisoners who might benefit from 23 such an assignment. 24 (7) Whether the Bureau of Prisons transfers 25 prisoners to prerelease custody or supervised release

1 as soon as they are eligible for such a transfer under 2 section 3624(g) of title 18, United States Code, as 3 added by section 102(b) of this Act. 4 (8) The rates of recidivism among similarly 5 classified prisoners to identify any unwarranted dis-6 parities, including disparities among similarly classi-7 fied prisoners of different demographic groups, in 8 such rates. SEC. 104. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 10 (a) In General.—There is authorized to be appro-11 priated to carry out this title \$75,000,000 for each of fis-12 cal years 2019 through 2023. Of the amount appropriated under this subsection, 80 percent shall be reserved for use by the Director of the Bureau of Prisons to implement 14 15 the system under section 3621(h) of title 18, United States Code, as added by section 102(a) of this Act. 16 17 (b) Savings.—It is the sense of Congress that any 18 savings associated with reductions in recidivism that result 19 from this title should be reinvested— 20 (1) to supplement funding for programs that 21 increase public safety by providing resources to 22 State and local law enforcement officials, including 23 for the adoption of innovative technologies and infor-24 mation sharing capabilities;

56 1 (2) into evidence-based recidivism reduction 2 programs offered by the Bureau of Prisons; and 3 (3) into ensuring eligible prisoners have access 4 to such programs and productive activities offered 5 by the Bureau of Prisons. 6 SEC. 105. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION. 7 Nothing in this Act, or the amendments made by this 8 Act, may be construed to provide authority to place a pris-9 oner in prerelease custody or supervised release who is 10 serving a term of imprisonment pursuant to a conviction for an offense under the laws of one of the 50 States, 11 12 or of a territory or possession of the United States or to 13 amend or affect the enforcement of the immigration laws, 14 as defined in section 101 of the Immigration and Nation-15 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101). 16 SEC. 106. FAITH-BASED CONSIDERATIONS. 17 (a) In General.—In considering any program, 18 treatment, regimen, group, company, charity, person, or 19 entity of any kind under any provision of this Act, or the 20 amendments made by this Act, the fact that it may be 21 or is faith-based may not be a basis for any discrimination 22 against it in any manner or for any purpose. (b) Eligibility for Earned Time Credit.—Par-23 ticipation in a faith-based program, treatment, or regimen

may qualify a prisoner for earned time credit under sub-

25

- 1 chapter D of chapter 229 of title 18, United States Code,
- 2 as added by section 101(a) of this Act, however, the Direc-
- 3 tor of the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that non-faith-
- 4 based programs that qualify for earned time credit are of-
- 5 fered at each Bureau of Prisons facility in addition to any
- 6 such faith-based programs.
- 7 (c) Limitation on Activities.—A group, company,
- 8 charity, person, or entity may not engage in faith-based
- 9 activities using direct financial assistance made available
- 10 under this title or the amendments made by this title.
- 11 (d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act,
- 12 or the amendments made by this Act, may be construed
- 13 to amend any requirement under Federal law or the Con-
- 14 stitution of the United States regarding funding for faith-
- 15 based programs or activities.

16 SEC. 107. INDEPENDENT REVIEW COMMITTEE.

- 17 (a) In General.—The Attorney General shall con-
- 18 sult with an Independent Review Committee in carrying
- 19 out the Attorney General's duties under sections 3631(b),
- 20 3632 and 3633 of title 18, United States Code, as added
- 21 by section 101(a) of this Act.
- 22 (b) Formation of Independent Review Com-
- 23 MITTEE.—The National Institute of Justice shall select a
- 24 nonpartisan and nonprofit organization with expertise in
- 25 the study and development of risk and needs assessment

- 1 tools to host the Independent Review Committee. The
- 2 Independent Review Committee shall be established not
- 3 later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 4 (c) Appointment of Independent Review Com-
- 5 MITTEE.—The organization selected by the National Insti-
- 6 tute of Justice shall appoint not fewer than 6 members
- 7 to the Independent Review Committee.
- 8 (d) Composition of the Independent Review
- 9 Committee.—The members of the Independent Review
- 10 Committee shall all have expertise in risk and needs as-
- 11 sessment systems and shall include—
- 12 (1) 2 individuals who have published peer-re-
- viewed scholarship about risk and needs assessments
- in both corrections and community settings;
- 15 (2) 2 corrections practitioners who have devel-
- oped and implemented a risk assessment tool in a
- 17 corrections system or in a community supervision
- setting, including 1 with prior experience working
- within the Bureau of Prisons; and
- 20 (3) 1 individual with expertise in assessing risk
- 21 assessment implementation.
- (e) Duties of the Independent Review Com-
- 23 MITTEE.—The Independent Review Committee shall assist
- 24 the Attorney General in carrying out the Attorney Gen-
- 25 eral's duties under sections 3631(b), 3632 and 3633 of

1	title 18, United States Code, as added by section 101(a)
2	of this Act, including by assisting in—
3	(1) conducting a review of the existing prisoner
4	risk and needs assessment systems in operation on
5	the date of enactment of this Act;
6	(2) developing recommendations regarding evi-
7	dence-based recidivism reduction programs and pro-
8	ductive activities;
9	(3) conducting research and data analysis on—
10	(A) evidence-based recidivism reduction
11	programs relating to the use of prisoner risk
12	and needs assessment tools;
13	(B) the most effective and efficient uses of
14	such programs; and
15	(C) which evidence-based recidivism reduc-
16	tion programs are the most effective at reduc-
17	ing recidivism, and the type, amount, and inten-
18	sity of programming that most effectively re-
19	duces the risk of recidivism; and
20	(4) reviewing and validating the risk and needs
21	assessment system.
22	(f) Bureau of Prisons Cooperation.—The Direc-
23	tor of the Bureau of Prisons shall assist the Independent
24	Review Committee in performing the Committee's duties
25	and promptly respond to requests from the Committee for

1 access to Bureau of Prisons facilities, personnel, and in-

- 2 formation.
- 3 (g) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
- 4 of enactment of this Act, the Independent Review Com-
- 5 mittee shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary and
- 6 the Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, Science, and Re-
- 7 lated Agencies of the Committee on Appropriations of the
- 8 Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary and the Sub-
- 9 committee on Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related
- 10 Agencies of the Committee on Appropriations of the
- 11 House of Representatives a report that includes—
- 12 (1) a list of all offenses of conviction for which
- prisoners were ineligible to receive time credits
- under section 3632(d)(4)(D) of title 18, United
- 15 States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act,
- and for each offense the number of prisoners ex-
- 17 cluded, including demographic percentages by age,
- 18 race, and sex;
- 19 (2) the criminal history categories of prisoners
- ineligible to receive time credits under section
- 21 3632(d)(4)(D) of title 18, United States Code, as
- added by section 101(a) of this Act, and for each
- category the number of prisoners excluded, including
- demographic percentages by age, race, and sex;

1	(3) the number of prisoners ineligible to apply
2	time credits under section $3632(d)(4)(D)$ of title 18,
3	United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of
4	this Act, who do not participate in recidivism reduc-
5	tion programming or productive activities, including
6	the demographic percentages by age, race, and sex;
7	(4) any recommendations for modifications to
8	section 3632(d)(4)(D) of title 18, United States
9	Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, and
10	any other recommendations regarding recidivism re-
11	duction.
12	(h) TERMINATION.—The Independent Review Com-
13	mittee shall terminate on the date that is 2 years after
14	the date on which the risk and needs assessment system
15	authorized by sections 3632 and 3633 of title 18, United
16	States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, is
17	released.
18	TITLE II—BUREAU OF PRISONS
19	SECURE FIREARMS STORAGE
20	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
21	This title may be cited as the "Lieutenant Osvaldo
22	Albarati Correctional Officer Self-Protection Act of

23 2018".

•							
ı	SEC	202	SECURE	FIREA	RMS	STORAG	E.

	SEC. 202. SECULE PHENUMS STORAGE.
2	(a) In General.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United
3	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"§ 4050. Secure firearms storage
6	"(a) Definitions.—In this section—
7	"(1) the term 'employee' means a qualified law
8	enforcement officer employed by the Bureau of Pris-
9	ons; and
10	"(2) the terms 'firearm' and 'qualified law en-
11	forcement officer' have the meanings given those
12	terms under section 926B.
13	"(b) Secure Firearms Storage.—The Director of
14	the Bureau of Prisons shall ensure that each chief execu-
15	tive officer of a Federal penal or correctional institution—
16	"(1)(A) provides a secure storage area located
17	outside of the secure perimeter of the institution for
18	employees to store firearms; or
19	"(B) allows employees to store firearms in a ve-
20	hicle lockbox approved by the Director of the Bureau
21	of Prisons; and
22	"(2) notwithstanding any other provision of
23	law, allows employees to carry concealed firearms on
24	the premises outside of the secure perimeter of the

institution.".

25

1	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—					
2	The table of sections for chapter 303 of title 18, United					
3	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-					
4	lowing:					
	"4050. Secure firearms storage.".					
5	TITLE III—RESTRAINTS ON					
6	PREGNANT PRISONERS PRO-					
7	HIBITED					
8	SEC. 301. USE OF RESTRAINTS ON PRISONERS DURING THE					
9	PERIOD OF PREGNANCY AND POSTPARTUM					
10	RECOVERY PROHIBITED.					
11	(a) In General.—Chapter 317 of title 18, United					
12	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 4321					
13	the following:					
14	" \S 4322. Use of restraints on prisoners during the pe-					
15	riod of pregnancy, labor, and postpartum					
16	recovery prohibited					
17	"(a) Prohibition.—Except as provided in sub-					
18	section (b), beginning on the date on which pregnancy is					
19	confirmed by a healthcare professional, and ending at the					
20	conclusion of postpartum recovery, a prisoner in the cus-					
21	tody of the Bureau of Prisons, or in the custody of the					
22	United States Marshals Service pursuant to section 4086,					
23	shall not be placed in restraints.					
24	"(b) Exceptions.—					

1	"(1) In general.—The prohibition under sub-
2	section (a) shall not apply if—
3	"(A) an appropriate corrections official, or
4	a United States marshal, as applicable, makes
5	a determination that the prisoner—
6	"(i) is an immediate and credible
7	flight risk that cannot reasonably be pre-
8	vented by other means; or
9	"(ii) poses an immediate and serious
10	threat of harm to herself or others that
11	cannot reasonably be prevented by other
12	means; or
13	"(B) a healthcare professional responsible
14	for the health and safety of the prisoner deter-
15	mines that the use of restraints is appropriate
16	for the medical safety of the prisoner.
17	"(2) Least restrictive restraints.—In the
18	case that restraints are used pursuant to an excep-
19	tion under paragraph (1), only the least restrictive
20	restraints necessary to prevent the harm or risk of
21	escape described in paragraph (1) may be used.
22	"(3) Application.—
23	"(A) In general.—The exceptions under
24	paragraph (1) may not be applied—

1	"(i) to place restraints around the an-
2	kles, legs, or waist of a prisoner;
3	"(ii) to restrain a prisoner's hands be-
4	hind her back;
5	"(iii) to restrain a prisoner using 4-
6	point restraints; or
7	"(iv) to attach a prisoner to another
8	prisoner.
9	"(B) Medical request.—Notwith-
10	standing paragraph (1), upon the request of a
11	healthcare professional who is responsible for
12	the health and safety of a prisoner, a correc-
13	tions official or United States marshal, as ap-
14	plicable, shall refrain from using restraints on
15	the prisoner or shall remove restraints used on
16	the prisoner.
17	"(c) Reports.—
18	"(1) Report to the director and
19	HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL.—If a corrections offi-
20	cial or United States marshal uses restraints on a
21	prisoner under subsection (b)(1), that official or
22	marshal shall submit, not later than 30 days after
23	placing the prisoner in restraints, to the Director of
24	the Bureau of Prisons or the Director of the United
25	States Marshals Service, as applicable, and to the

1	healthcare professional responsible for the health
2	and safety of the prisoner, a written report that de-
3	scribes the facts and circumstances surrounding the
4	use of restraints, and includes—
5	"(A) the reasoning upon which the deter-
6	mination to use restraints was made;
7	"(B) the details of the use of restraints,
8	including the type of restraints used and length
9	of time during which restraints were used; and
10	"(C) any resulting physical effects on the
11	prisoner observed by or known to the correc-
12	tions official or United States marshal, as ap-
13	plicable.
14	"(2) Supplemental report to the direc-
15	TOR.—Upon receipt of a report under paragraph
16	(1), the healthcare professional responsible for the
17	health and safety of the prisoner may submit to the
18	Director such information as the healthcare profes-
19	sional determines is relevant to the use of restraints
20	on the prisoner.
21	"(3) Report to Judiciary committees.—
22	"(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
23	after the date of enactment of this section, and
24	annually thereafter, the Director of the Bureau
25	of Prisons and the Director of the United

1	States Marshals Service shall each submit to
2	the Judiciary Committee of the Senate and of
3	the House of Representatives a report that cer-
4	tifies compliance with this section and includes
5	the information required to be reported under
6	paragraph (1).
7	"(B) Personally identifiable infor-
8	MATION.—The report under this paragraph
9	shall not contain any personally identifiable in-
10	formation of any prisoner.
11	"(d) Notice.—Not later than 48 hours after the con-
12	firmation of a prisoner's pregnancy by a healthcare profes-
13	sional, that prisoner shall be notified by an appropriate
14	healthcare professional, corrections official, or United
15	States marshal, as applicable, of the restrictions on the
16	use of restraints under this section.
17	"(e) Violation Reporting Process.—The Direc-
18	tor of the Bureau of Prisons, in consultation with the Di-
19	rector of the United States Marshals Service, shall estab-
20	lish a process through which a prisoner may report a viola-
21	tion of this section.
22	"(f) Training.—
23	"(1) In General.—The Director of the Bureau
24	of Prisons and the Director of the United States
25	Marshals Service shall each develop training guide-

1	lines regarding the use of restraints on female pris-
2	oners during the period of pregnancy, labor, and
3	postpartum recovery, and shall incorporate such
4	guidelines into appropriate training programs. Such
5	training guidelines shall include—
6	"(A) how to identify certain symptoms of
7	pregnancy that require immediate referral to a
8	healthcare professional;
9	"(B) circumstances under which the excep-
10	tions under subsection (b) would apply;
11	"(C) in the case that an exception under
12	subsection (b) applies, how to apply restraints
13	in a way that does not harm the prisoner, the
14	fetus, or the neonate;
15	"(D) the information required to be re-
16	ported under subsection (c); and
17	"(E) the right of a healthcare professional
18	to request that restraints not be used, and the
19	requirement under subsection (b)(3)(B) to com-
20	ply with such a request.
21	"(2) Development of Guidelines.—In de-
22	veloping the guidelines required by paragraph (1),
23	the Directors shall each consult with healthcare pro-
24	fessionals with expertise in caring for women during
25	the period of pregnancy and postpartum recovery.

"(g) Definitions.—For purposes of this section: 1 2 "(1) Postpartum RECOVERY.—The term 3 'postpartum recovery' means the 12-week period, or 4 longer as determined by the healthcare professional 5 responsible for the health and safety of the prisoner, 6 following delivery, and shall include the entire period 7 that the prisoner is in the hospital or infirmary. 8 "(2) Prisoner.—The term 'prisoner' means a 9 person who has been sentenced to a term of impris-10 onment pursuant to a conviction for a Federal crimi-11 nal offense, or a person in the custody of the Bureau 12 of Prisons, including a person in a Bureau of Pris-13 ons contracted facility. 14 "(3) RESTRAINTS.—The term 'restraints' 15 means any physical or mechanical device used to 16 control the movement of a prisoner's body, limbs, or 17 both.".

18 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
19 for chapter 317 of title 18, United States Code, is amend20 ed by adding after the item relating to section 4321 the
21 following:

"4322. Use of restraints on prisoners during the period of pregnancy, labor, and postpartum recovery prohibited.".

1	TITLE	IV_	_SEN'	TENC	ING	REF	\mathbf{ORM}
		. v —					

2	SEC. 401. REDUCE AND RESTRICT ENHANCED SENTENCING
3	FOR PRIOR DRUG FELONIES.
4	(a) Controlled Substances Act Amend-
5	MENTS.—The Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801
6	et seq.) is amended—
7	(1) in section 102 (21 U.S.C. 802), by adding
8	at the end the following:
9	"(57) The term 'serious drug felony' means an
10	offense described in section 924(e)(2) of title 18,
11	United States Code, for which—
12	"(A) the offender served a term of impris-
13	onment of more than 12 months; and
14	"(B) the offender's release from any term
15	of imprisonment was within 15 years of the
16	commencement of the instant offense.
17	"(58) The term 'serious violent felony' means—
18	"(A) an offense described in section
19	3559(e)(2) of title 18, United States Code, for
20	which the offender served a term of imprison-
21	ment of more than 12 months; and
22	"(B) any offense that would be a felony
23	violation of section 113 of title 18, United
24	States Code, if the offense were committed in
25	the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction

1	of the United States, for which the offender
2	served a term of imprisonment of more than 12
3	months."; and
4	(2) in section $401(b)(1)$ (21 U.S.C.
5	841(b)(1))—
6	(A) in subparagraph (A), in the matter fol-
7	lowing clause (viii)—
8	(i) by striking "If any person commits
9	such a violation after a prior conviction for
10	a felony drug offense has become final,
11	such person shall be sentenced to a term of
12	imprisonment which may not be less than
13	20 years" and inserting the following: "If
14	any person commits such a violation after
15	a prior conviction for a serious drug felony
16	or serious violent felony has become final,
17	such person shall be sentenced to a term of
18	imprisonment of not less than 15 years";
19	and
20	(ii) by striking "after two or more
21	prior convictions for a felony drug offense
22	have become final, such person shall be
23	sentenced to a mandatory term of life im-
24	prisonment without release" and inserting
25	the following: "after 2 or more prior con-

1	victions for a serious drug felony or serious
2	violent felony have become final, such per-
3	son shall be sentenced to a term of impris-
4	onment of not less than 25 years"; and
5	(B) in subparagraph (B), in the matter
6	following clause (viii), by striking "If any per-
7	son commits such a violation after a prior con-
8	viction for a felony drug offense has become
9	final" and inserting the following: "If any per-
10	son commits such a violation after a prior con-
11	viction for a serious drug felony or serious vio-
12	lent felony has become final".
13	(b) Controlled Substances Import and Export
14	ACT AMENDMENTS.—Section 1010(b) of the Controlled
15	Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960(b)) is
16	amended—
17	(1) in paragraph (1), in the matter following
18	subparagraph (H), by striking "If any person com-
19	mits such a violation after a prior conviction for a
20	felony drug offense has become final, such persor
21	shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not
22	less than 20 years" and inserting "If any persor
23	commits such a violation after a prior conviction for
24	a serious drug felony or serious violent felony has
25	become final, such person shall be sentenced to a

1	term of imprisonment of not less than 15 years";
2	and
3	(2) in paragraph (2), in the matter following
4	subparagraph (H), by striking "felony drug offense"
5	and inserting "serious drug felony or serious violent
6	felony".
7	(c) Applicability to Pending Cases.—This sec-
8	tion, and the amendments made by this section, shall
9	apply to any offense that was committed before the date
10	of enactment of this Act, if a sentence for the offense has
11	not been imposed as of such date of enactment.
12	SEC. 402. BROADENING OF EXISTING SAFETY VALVE.
13	(a) Amendments.—Section 3553 of title 18, United
14	States Code, is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (f)—
16	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph
17	(1)—
18	(i) by striking "or section 1010" and
19	inserting ", section 1010"; and
20	(ii) by inserting ", or section 70503 or
21	70506 of title 46" after "963)";
22	(B) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
23	ing the following:
24	"(1) the defendant does not have—

1	"(A) more than 4 criminal history points,
2	excluding any criminal history points resulting
3	from a 1-point offense, as determined under the
4	sentencing guidelines;
5	"(B) a prior 3-point offense, as determined
6	under the sentencing guidelines; and
7	"(C) a prior 2-point violent offense, as de-
8	termined under the sentencing guidelines;"; and
9	(C) by adding at the end the following:
10	"Information disclosed by a defendant under this sub-
11	section may not be used to enhance the sentence of the
12	defendant unless the information relates to a violent of-
13	fense."; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
17	
15	"(g) Definition of Violent Offense.—As used
	"(g) Definition of Violent Offense.—As used in this section, the term 'violent offense' means a crime
15 16	
15 16 17	in this section, the term 'violent offense' means a crime
15 16 17	in this section, the term 'violent offense' means a crime of violence, as defined in section 16, that is punishable
15 16 17 18	in this section, the term 'violent offense' means a crime of violence, as defined in section 16, that is punishable by imprisonment.".
15 16 17 18 19	in this section, the term 'violent offense' means a crime of violence, as defined in section 16, that is punishable by imprisonment.". (b) Applicability.—The amendments made by this
15 16 17 18 19 20	in this section, the term 'violent offense' means a crime of violence, as defined in section 16, that is punishable by imprisonment.". (b) Applicability.—The amendments made by this section shall apply only to a conviction entered on or after
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	in this section, the term 'violent offense' means a crime of violence, as defined in section 16, that is punishable by imprisonment.". (b) Applicability.—The amendments made by this section shall apply only to a conviction entered on or after the date of enactment of this Act.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	in this section, the term 'violent offense' means a crime of violence, as defined in section 16, that is punishable by imprisonment.". (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this section shall apply only to a conviction entered on or after the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 403. CLARIFICATION OF SECTION 924(c) OF TITLE 18,

- 1 clause (i), by striking "second or subsequent conviction
- 2 under this subsection" and inserting "violation of this sub-
- 3 section that occurs after a prior conviction under this sub-
- 4 section has become final".
- 5 (b) Applicability to Pending Cases.—This sec-
- 6 tion, and the amendments made by this section, shall
- 7 apply to any offense that was committed before the date
- 8 of enactment of this Act, if a sentence for the offense has
- 9 not been imposed as of such date of enactment.

10 SEC. 404. APPLICATION OF FAIR SENTENCING ACT.

- 11 (a) Definition of Covered Offense.—In this
- 12 section, the term "covered offense" means a violation of
- 13 a Federal criminal statute, the statutory penalties for
- 14 which were modified by section 2 or 3 of the Fair Sen-
- 15 tencing Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–220; 124 Stat.
- 16 2372), that was committed before August 3, 2010.
- 17 (b) Defendants Previously Sentenced.—A
- 18 court that imposed a sentence for a covered offense may,
- 19 on motion of the defendant, the Director of the Bureau
- 20 of Prisons, the attorney for the Government, or the court,
- 21 impose a reduced sentence as if sections 2 and 3 of the
- 22 Fair Sentencing Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–220; 124
- 23 Stat. 2372) were in effect at the time the covered offense
- 24 was committed.

- 1 (c) Limitations.—No court shall entertain a motion
- 2 made under this section to reduce a sentence if the sen-
- 3 tence was previously imposed or previously reduced in ac-
- 4 cordance with the amendments made by sections 2 and
- 5 3 of the Fair Sentencing Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–
- 6 220; 124 Stat. 2372) or if a previous motion made under
- 7 this section to reduce the sentence was, after the date of
- 8 enactment of this Act, denied after a complete review of
- 9 the motion on the merits. Nothing in this section shall
- 10 be construed to require a court to reduce any sentence
- 11 pursuant to this section.

12 TITLE V—SECOND CHANCE ACT

13 OF 2007 REAUTHORIZATION

- 14 SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE.
- This title may be cited as the "Second Chance Reau-
- 16 thorization Act of 2018".
- 17 SEC. 502. IMPROVEMENTS TO EXISTING PROGRAMS.
- 18 (a) Reauthorization of Adult and Juvenile
- 19 OFFENDER STATE AND LOCAL DEMONSTRATION
- 20 Projects.—Section 2976 of title I of the Omnibus Crime
- 21 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10631)
- 22 is amended—
- 23 (1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
- following:

1	"(a) Grant Authorization.—The Attorney Gen-
2	eral shall make grants to States, local governments, terri-
3	tories, or Indian tribes, or any combination thereof (in this
4	section referred to as an 'eligible entity'), in partnership
5	with interested persons (including Federal corrections and
6	supervision agencies), service providers, and nonprofit or-
7	ganizations for the purpose of strategic planning and im-
8	plementation of adult and juvenile offender reentry
9	projects.";
10	(2) in subsection (b)—
11	(A) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or re-
12	entry courts," after "community,";
13	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at
14	the end;
15	(C) in paragraph (7), by striking the pe-
16	riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and
17	(D) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(8) promoting employment opportunities con-
19	sistent with the Transitional Jobs strategy (as de-
20	fined in section 4 of the Second Chance Act of 2007
21	(34 U.S.C. 60502))."; and
22	(3) by striking subsections (d), (e), and (f) and
23	inserting the following:
24	"(d) Combined Grant Application; Priority
25	Consideration.—

1	"(1) In general.—The Attorney General shall
2	develop a procedure to allow applicants to submit a
3	single application for a planning grant under sub-
4	section (e) and an implementation grant under sub-
5	section (f).
6	"(2) Priority consideration.—The Attorney
7	General shall give priority consideration to grant ap-
8	plications under subsections (e) and (f) that include
9	a commitment by the applicant to partner with a
10	local evaluator to identify and analyze data that
11	will—
12	"(A) enable the grantee to target the in-
13	tended offender population; and
14	"(B) serve as a baseline for purposes of
15	the evaluation.
16	"(e) Planning Grants.—
17	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
18	graph (3), the Attorney General may make a grant
19	to an eligible entity of not more than \$75,000 to de-
20	velop a strategic, collaborative plan for an adult or
21	juvenile offender reentry demonstration project as
22	described in subsection (h) that includes—
23	"(A) a budget and a budget justification;
24	"(B) a description of the outcome meas-
25	ures that will be used to measure the effective-

1	ness of the program in promoting public safety
2	and public health;
3	"(C) the activities proposed;
4	"(D) a schedule for completion of the ac-
5	tivities described in subparagraph (C); and
6	"(E) a description of the personnel nec-
7	essary to complete the activities described in
8	subparagraph (C).
9	"(2) Maximum total grants and geo-
10	GRAPHIC DIVERSITY.—
11	"(A) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The Attorney
12	General may not make initial planning grants
13	and implementation grants to 1 eligible entity
14	in a total amount that is more than a
15	\$1,000,000.
16	"(B) Geographic diversity.—The At-
17	torney General shall make every effort to en-
18	sure equitable geographic distribution of grants
19	under this section and take into consideration
20	the needs of underserved populations, including
21	rural and tribal communities.
22	"(3) Period of Grant.—A planning grant
23	made under this subsection shall be for a period of
24	not longer than 1 year, beginning on the first day
25	of the month in which the planning grant is made.

1	"(f) Implementation Grants.—
2	"(1) APPLICATIONS.—An eligible entity desiring
3	an implementation grant under this subsection shall
4	submit to the Attorney General an application
5	that—
6	"(A) contains a reentry strategic plan as
7	described in subsection (h), which describes the
8	long-term strategy and incorporates a detailed
9	implementation schedule, including the plans of
10	the applicant to fund the program after Federal
11	funding is discontinued;
12	"(B) identifies the local government role
13	and the role of governmental agencies and non-
14	profit organizations that will be coordinated by,
15	and that will collaborate on, the offender re-
16	entry strategy of the applicant, and certifies the
17	involvement of such agencies and organizations;
18	"(C) describes the evidence-based method-
19	ology and outcome measures that will be used
20	to evaluate the program funded with a grant
21	under this subsection, and specifically explains
22	how such measurements will provide valid meas-
23	ures of the impact of that program; and

1	(D) describes now the project could be
2	broadly replicated if demonstrated to be effec-
3	tive.
4	"(2) Requirements.—The Attorney General
5	may make a grant to an applicant under this sub-
6	section only if the application—
7	"(A) reflects explicit support of the chief
8	executive officer, or their designee, of the State,
9	unit of local government, territory, or Indian
10	tribe applying for a grant under this subsection;
11	"(B) provides discussion of the role of
12	Federal corrections, State corrections depart-
13	ments, community corrections agencies, juvenile
14	justice systems, and tribal or local jail systems
15	in ensuring successful reentry of offenders into
16	their communities;
17	"(C) provides evidence of collaboration
18	with State, local, or tribal government agencies
19	overseeing health, housing, child welfare, edu-
20	cation, substance abuse, victims services, and
21	employment services, and with local law en-
22	forcement agencies;
23	"(D) provides a plan for analysis of the
24	statutory, regulatory, rules-based, and practice-

1	based hurdles to reintegration of offenders into
2	the community;
3	"(E) includes the use of a State, local, ter-
4	ritorial, or tribal task force, described in sub-
5	section (i), to carry out the activities funded
6	under the grant;
7	"(F) provides a plan for continued collabo-
8	ration with a local evaluator as necessary to
9	meeting the requirements under subsection (h);
10	and
11	"(G) demonstrates that the applicant par-
12	ticipated in the planning grant process or en-
13	gaged in comparable planning for the reentry
14	project.
15	"(3) Priority considerations.—The Attor-
16	ney General shall give priority to grant applications
17	under this subsection that best—
18	"(A) focus initiative on geographic areas
19	with a disproportionate population of offenders
20	released from prisons, jails, and juvenile facili-
21	ties;
22	"(B) include—
23	"(i) input from nonprofit organiza-
24	tions, in any case where relevant input is

1	available and appropriate to the grant ap-
2	plication;
3	"(ii) consultation with crime victims
4	and offenders who are released from pris-
5	ons, jails, and juvenile facilities;
6	"(iii) coordination with families of of-
7	fenders;
8	"(iv) input, where appropriate, from
9	the juvenile justice coordinating council of
10	the region;
11	"(v) input, where appropriate, from
12	the reentry coordinating council of the re-
13	gion; or
14	"(vi) input, where appropriate, from
15	other interested persons;
16	"(C) demonstrate effective case assessment
17	and management abilities in order to provide
18	comprehensive and continuous reentry, includ-
19	ing—
20	"(i) planning for prerelease transi-
21	tional housing and community release that
22	begins upon admission for juveniles and
23	jail inmates, and, as appropriate, for pris-
24	on inmates, depending on the length of the
25	sentence;

1	"(ii) establishing prerelease planning
2	procedures to ensure that the eligibility of
3	an offender for Federal, tribal, or State
4	benefits upon release is established prior to
5	release, subject to any limitations in law
6	and to ensure that offenders obtain all nec-
7	essary referrals for reentry services, includ-
8	ing assistance identifying and securing
9	suitable housing; or
10	"(iii) delivery of continuous and ap-
11	propriate mental health services, drug
12	treatment, medical care, job training and
13	placement, educational services, vocational
14	services, and any other service or support
15	needed for reentry;
16	"(D) review the process by which the ap-
17	plicant adjudicates violations of parole, proba-
18	tion, or supervision following release from pris-
19	on, jail, or a juvenile facility, taking into ac-
20	count public safety and the use of graduated
21	community-based sanctions for minor and tech-
22	nical violations of parole, probation, or super-
23	vision (specifically those violations that are not
24	otherwise, and independently, a violation of
25	law);

1	"(E) provide for an independent evaluation
2	of reentry programs that include, to the max-
3	imum extent possible, random assignment and
4	controlled studies to determine the effectiveness
5	of such programs;
6	"(F) target moderate and high-risk offend-
7	ers for reentry programs through validated as-
8	sessment tools; or
9	"(G) target offenders with histories of
10	homelessness, substance abuse, or mental ill-
11	ness, including a prerelease assessment of the
12	housing status of the offender and behavioral
13	health needs of the offender with clear coordi-
14	nation with mental health, substance abuse, and
15	homelessness services systems to achieve stable
16	and permanent housing outcomes with appro-
17	priate support service.
18	"(4) Period of Grant.—A grant made under
19	this subsection shall be effective for a 2-year pe-
20	riod—
21	"(A) beginning on the date on which the
22	planning grant awarded under subsection (e)
23	concludes; or
24	"(B) in the case of an implementation
25	grant awarded to an eligible entity that did not

1	receive a planning grant, beginning on the date
2	on which the implementation grant is award-
3	ed.'';
4	(4) in subsection (h)—
5	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and
6	(3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and
7	(B) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
8	ing the following:
9	"(1) In general.—As a condition of receiving
10	financial assistance under subsection (f), each appli-
11	cation shall develop a comprehensive reentry stra-
12	tegic plan that—
13	"(A) contains a plan to assess inmate re-
14	entry needs and measurable annual and 3-year
15	performance outcomes;
16	"(B) uses, to the maximum extent possible,
17	randomly assigned and controlled studies, or
18	rigorous quasi-experimental studies with
19	matched comparison groups, to determine the
20	effectiveness of the program funded with a
21	grant under subsection (f); and
22	"(C) includes as a goal of the plan to re-
23	duce the rate of recidivism for offenders re-
24	leased from prison, jail or a juvenile facility
25	with funds made available under subsection (f).

1	"(2) Local evaluator.—A partnership with a
2	local evaluator described in subsection (d)(2) shall
3	require the local evaluator to use the baseline data
4	and target population characteristics developed
5	under a subsection (e) planning grant to derive a
6	target goal for recidivism reduction during the 3-
7	year period beginning on the date of implementation
8	of the program.";
9	(5) in subsection (i)(1)—
10	(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
11	(A), by striking "under this section" and insert-
12	ing "under subsection (f)"; and
13	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "sub-
14	section (e)(4)" and inserting "subsection
15	(f)(2)(D)";
16	(6) in subsection (j)—
17	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "for an
18	implementation grant under subsection (f)"
19	after "applicant";
20	(B) in paragraph (2)—
21	(i) in subparagraph (E), by inserting
22	", where appropriate" after "support"; and
23	(ii) by striking subparagraphs (F),
24	(G), and (H), and inserting the following:

1	"(F) increased number of staff trained to
2	administer reentry services;
3	"(G) increased proportion of individuals
4	served by the program among those eligible to
5	receive services;
6	"(H) increased number of individuals re-
7	ceiving risk screening needs assessment, and
8	case planning services;
9	"(I) increased enrollment in, and comple-
10	tion of treatment services, including substance
11	abuse and mental health services among those
12	assessed as needing such services;
13	"(J) increased enrollment in and degrees
14	earned from educational programs, including
15	high school, GED, vocational training, and col-
16	lege education;
17	"(K) increased number of individuals ob-
18	taining and retaining employment;
19	"(L) increased number of individuals ob-
20	taining and maintaining housing;
21	"(M) increased self-reports of successful
22	community living, including stability of living
23	situation and positive family relationships;
24	"(N) reduction in drug and alcohol use;
25	and

1	"(O) reduction in recidivism rates for indi-
2	viduals receiving reentry services after release,
3	as compared to either baseline recidivism rates
4	in the jurisdiction of the grantee or recidivism
5	rates of the control or comparison group.";
6	(C) in paragraph (3), by striking "facili-
7	ties." and inserting "facilities, including a cost-
8	benefit analysis to determine the cost effective-
9	ness of the reentry program.";
10	(D) in paragraph (4), by striking "this sec-
11	tion" and inserting "subsection (f)"; and
12	(E) in paragraph (5), by striking "this sec-
13	tion" and inserting "subsection (f)";
14	(7) in subsection (k)(1), by striking "this sec-
15	tion" each place the term appears and inserting
16	"subsection (f)";
17	(8) in subsection (l)—
18	(A) in paragraph (2), by inserting "begin-
19	ning on the date on which the most recent im-
20	plementation grant is made to the grantee
21	under subsection (f)" after "2-year period";
22	and
23	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking "over a
24	2-year period" and inserting "during the 2-year
25	period described in paragraph (2)";

1	(9) in subsection $(0)(1)$, by striking "appro-
2	priated" and all that follows and inserting the fol-
3	lowing: "appropriated \$35,000,000 for each of fiscal
4	years 2019 through 2023."; and
5	(10) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(p) Definition.—In this section, the term 'reentry
7	court' means a program that—
8	"(1) monitors juvenile and adult eligible offend-
9	ers reentering the community;
10	"(2) provides continual judicial supervision;
11	"(3) provides juvenile and adult eligible offend-
12	ers reentering the community with coordinated and
13	comprehensive reentry services and programs, such
14	as—
15	"(A) drug and alcohol testing and assess-
16	ment for treatment;
17	"(B) assessment for substance abuse from
18	a substance abuse professional who is approved
19	by the State or Indian tribe and licensed by the
20	appropriate entity to provide alcohol and drug
21	addiction treatment, as appropriate;
22	"(C) substance abuse treatment, including
23	medication-assisted treatment, from a provider
24	that is approved by the State or Indian tribe,

1	and licensed, if necessary, to provide medical
2	and other health services;
3	"(D) health (including mental health) serv-
4	ices and assessment;
5	"(E) aftercare and case management serv-
6	ices that—
7	"(i) facilitate access to clinical care
8	and related health services; and
9	"(ii) coordinate with such clinical care
10	and related health services; and
11	"(F) any other services needed for reentry;
12	"(4) convenes community impact panels, victim
13	impact panels, or victim impact educational classes;
14	"(5) provides and coordinates the delivery of
15	community services to juvenile and adult eligible of-
16	fenders, including—
17	"(A) housing assistance;
18	"(B) education;
19	"(C) job training;
20	"(D) conflict resolution skills training;
21	"(E) batterer intervention programs; and
22	"(F) other appropriate social services; and
23	"(6) establishes and implements graduated
24	sanctions and incentives.".

1	(b) GRANTS FOR FAMILY-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE
2	TREATMENT.—Part DD of title I of the Omnibus Crime
3	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 1059)
4	et seq.) is amended—
5	(1) in section 2921 (34 U.S.C. 10591), in the
6	matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting "non
7	profit organizations," before "and Indian";
8	(2) in section 2923 (34 U.S.C. 10593), by add
9	ing at the end the following:
10	"(c) Priority Considerations.—The Attorney
11	General shall give priority consideration to grant applica
12	tions for grants under section 2921 that are submitted
13	by a nonprofit organization that demonstrates a relation
14	ship with State and local criminal justice agencies, includ
15	ing—
16	"(1) within the judiciary and prosecutoria
17	agencies; or
18	"(2) with the local corrections agencies, which
19	shall be documented by a written agreement that de
20	tails the terms of access to facilities and participants
21	and provides information on the history of the orga
22	nization of working with correctional populations."
23	and
24	(3) by striking section 2926(a) and inserting
25	the following:

1 "(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this part \$10,000,000 for each of 3 fiscal years 2019 through 2023.". 4 (c) Grant Program To Evaluate and Improve EDUCATIONAL METHODS AT PRISONS, JAILS, AND JUVE-NILE FACILITIES.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control 6 7 and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.) 8 is amended— 9 (1) by striking the second part designated as 10 part JJ, as added by the Second Chance Act of 11 2007 (Public Law 110–199; 122 Stat. 677), relating 12 to grants to evaluate and improve educational meth-13 ods at prisons, jails, and juvenile facilities; 14 (2) by adding at the end the following: 15 "PART NN—GRANT PROGRAM TO EVALUATE AND 16 IMPROVE EDUCATIONAL METHODS AT PRIS-17 ONS, JAILS, AND JUVENILE FACILITIES 18 "SEC. 3041. GRANT PROGRAM TO EVALUATE AND IMPROVE 19 EDUCATIONAL METHODS AT PRISONS, JAILS, 20 AND JUVENILE FACILITIES. 21 "(a) Grant Program Authorized.—The Attorney 22 General may carry out a grant program under which the 23 Attorney General may make grants to States, units of local government, territories, Indian Tribes, and other public and private entities to—

1 "(1) evaluate methods to improve academic and 2 vocational education for offenders in prisons, jails, 3 and juvenile facilities; 4 "(2) identify, and make recommendations to the 5 Attorney General regarding, best practices relating 6 to academic and vocational education for offenders 7 in prisons, jails, and juvenile facilities, based on the 8 evaluation under paragraph (1); 9 "(3) improve the academic and vocational edu-10 cation programs (including technology career train-11 ing) available to offenders in prisons, jails, and juve-12 nile facilities; and 13 "(4) implement methods to improve academic 14 and vocational education for offenders in prisons, 15 jails, and juvenile facilities consistent with the best 16 practices identified in subsection (c). 17 "(b) APPLICATION.—To be eligible for a grant under this part, a State or other entity described in subsection 18 19 (a) shall submit to the Attorney General an application 20 in such form and manner, at such time, and accompanied 21 by such information as the Attorney General specifies. 22 "(c) Best Practices.—Not later than 180 days 23 after the date of enactment of the Second Chance Reauthorization Act of 2018, the Attorney General shall identify and publish best practices relating to academic and

- 1 vocational education for offenders in prisons, jails, and ju-
- 2 venile facilities. The best practices shall consider the eval-
- 3 uations performed and recommendations made under
- 4 grants made under subsection (a) before the date of enact-
- 5 ment of the Second Chance Reauthorization Act of 2018.
- 6 "(d) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the last
- 7 day of the final fiscal year of a grant under this part,
- 8 each entity described in subsection (a) receiving such a
- 9 grant shall submit to the Attorney General a detailed re-
- 10 port of the progress made by the entity using such grant,
- 11 to permit the Attorney General to evaluate and improve
- 12 academic and vocational education methods carried out
- 13 with grants under this part."; and
- 14 (3) in section 1001(a) of part J of title I of the
- 15 Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
- 16 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10261(a)), by adding at the end
- the following:
- 18 "(28) There are authorized to be appropriated
- to carry out section 3031(a)(4) of part NN
- \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019, 2020,
- 21 2021, 2022, and 2023.".
- 22 (d) Careers Training Demonstration
- 23 Grants.—Section 115 of the Second Chance Act of 2007
- 24 (34 U.S.C. 60511) is amended—

1	(1) in the heading, by striking "TECHNOLOGY
2	CAREERS" and inserting "CAREERS";
3	(2) in subsection (a)—
4	(A) by striking "and Indian" and inserting
5	"nonprofit organizations, and Indian"; and
6	(B) by striking "technology career training
7	to prisoners" and inserting "career training, in-
8	cluding subsidized employment, when part of a
9	training program, to prisoners and reentering
10	youth and adults";
11	(3) in subsection (b)—
12	(A) by striking "technology careers train-
13	ing'';
14	(B) by striking "technology-based"; and
15	(C) by inserting ", as well as upon transi-
16	tion and reentry into the community" after "fa-
17	cility";
18	(4) by striking subsection (e);
19	(5) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
20	subsections (d) and (e), respectively;
21	(6) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(c) Priority Consideration.—Priority consider-
24	ation shall be given to any application under this section
25	that—

1	(1) provides assessment of local demand for
2	employees in the geographic areas to which offenders
3	are likely to return;
4	"(2) conducts individualized reentry career
5	planning upon the start of incarceration or post-re-
6	lease employment planning for each offender served
7	under the grant;
8	"(3) demonstrates connections to employers
9	within the local community; or
10	"(4) tracks and monitors employment out-
11	comes."; and
12	(7) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
14	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
15	\$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019, 2020, 2021,
16	2022, and 2023.".
17	(e) Offender Reentry Substance Abuse and
18	CRIMINAL JUSTICE COLLABORATION PROGRAM.—Section
19	201(f)(1) of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C.
20	60521(f)(1)) is amended to read as follows:
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
22	appropriated to carry out this section \$15,000,000
23	for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.".

1	(f) Community-Based Mentoring and Transi-
2	TIONAL SERVICE GRANTS TO NONPROFIT ORGANIZA-
3	TIONS.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 211 of the Second
5	Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60531) is amend-
6	ed —
7	(A) in the header, by striking " MEN -
8	TORING GRANTS TO NONPROFIT ORGANI-
9	ZATIONS " and inserting "COMMUNITY-
10	BASED MENTORING AND TRANSITIONAL
11	SERVICE GRANTS TO NONPROFIT ORGANI-
12	ZATIONS'';
13	(B) in subsection (a), by striking "men-
14	toring and other";
15	(C) in subsection (b), by striking para-
16	graph (2) and inserting the following:
17	"(2) transitional services to assist in the re-
18	integration of offenders into the community, includ-
19	ing—
20	"(A) educational, literacy, and vocational
21	services and the Transitional Jobs strategy;
22	"(B) substance abuse treatment and serv-
23	ices;

1	"(C) coordinated supervision and services
2	for offenders, including physical health care and
3	comprehensive housing and mental health care;
4	"(D) family services; and
5	"(E) validated assessment tools to assess
6	the risk factors of returning inmates; and"; and
7	(D) in subsection (f), by striking "this sec-
8	tion" and all that follows and inserting the fol-
9	lowing: "this section \$15,000,000 for each of
10	fiscal years 2019 through 2023.".
11	(2) Table of contents amendment.—The
12	table of contents in section 2 of the Second Chance
13	Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–199; 122 Stat. 657)
14	is amended by striking the item relating to section
15	211 and inserting the following:
	"See. 211. Community-based mentoring and transitional service grants.".
16	(g) Definitions.—
17	(1) In General.—Section 4 of the Second
18	Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60502) is amended
19	to read as follows:
20	"SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
21	"In this Act—
22	"(1) the term 'exoneree' means an individual
23	who—

1	(A) has been convicted of a Federal, trib-
2	al, or State offense that is punishable by a term
3	of imprisonment of more than 1 year;
4	"(B) has served a term of imprisonment
5	for not less than 6 months in a Federal, tribal,
6	or State prison or correctional facility as a re-
7	sult of the conviction described in subparagraph
8	(A); and
9	"(C) has been determined to be factually
10	innocent of the offense described in subpara-
11	graph (A);
12	"(2) the term 'Indian tribe' has the meaning
13	given in section 901 of title I of the Omnibus Crime
14	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C.
15	10251);
16	"(3) the term 'offender' includes an exoneree;
17	and
18	"(4) the term 'Transitional Jobs strategy
19	means an employment strategy for youth and adults
20	who are chronically unemployed or those that have
21	barriers to employment that—
22	"(A) is conducted by State, tribal, and
23	local governments, State, tribal, and local work-
24	force boards, and nonprofit organizations;

1	"(B) provides time-limited employment
2	using individual placements, team placements
3	and social enterprise placements, without dis-
4	placing existing employees;
5	"(C) pays wages in accordance with appli-
6	cable law, but in no event less than the higher
7	of the rate specified in section 6(a)(1) of the
8	Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C.
9	206(a)(1)) or the applicable State or local min-
10	imum wage law, which are subsidized, in whole
11	or in part, by public funds;
12	"(D) combines time-limited employment
13	with activities that promote skill development
14	remove barriers to employment, and lead to un-
15	subsidized employment such as a thorough ori-
16	entation and individual assessment, job readi-
17	ness and life skills training, case management
18	and supportive services, adult education and
19	training, child support-related services, job re-
20	tention support and incentives, and other simi-
21	lar activities;
22	"(E) places participants into unsubsidized
23	employment; and
24	"(F) provides job retention, re-employment
25	services, and continuing and vocational edu-

1	cation to ensure continuing participation in un-
2	subsidized employment and identification of op-
3	portunities for advancement.".
4	(2) Table of contents amendment.—The
5	table of contents in section 2 of the Second Chance
6	Act of 2007 (Public Law 110–199; 122 Stat. 657)
7	is amended by striking the item relating to section
8	4 and inserting the following:
	"Sec. 4. Definitions.".
9	(h) Extension of the Length of Section 2976
10	Grants.—Section 6(1) of the Second Chance Act of 2007
11	(34 U.S.C. 60504(1)) is amended by inserting "or under
12	section 2976 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
13	Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10631)" after "and 212".
14	SEC. 503. AUDIT AND ACCOUNTABILITY OF GRANTEES.
15	(a) Definitions.—In this section—
16	(1) the term "covered grant program" means
17	grants awarded under section 115, 201, or 211 of
18	the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60511,
19	60521, and 60531), as amended by this title;
20	(2) the term "covered grantee" means a recipi-
21	ent of a grant from a covered grant program;
22	(3) the term "nonprofit", when used with re-
23	spect to an organization, means an organization that
24	is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Rev-

enue Code of 1986, and is exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code; and

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

16

- (4) the term "unresolved audit finding" means an audit report finding in a final audit report of the Inspector General of the Department of Justice that a covered grantee has used grant funds awarded to that grantee under a covered grant program for an unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallowable cost that is not closed or resolved during a 12-month period prior to the date on which the final audit report is issued.
- 12 (b) Audit Requirement.—Beginning in fiscal year
 13 2019, and annually thereafter, the Inspector General of
 14 the Department of Justice shall conduct audits of covered
 15 grantees to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds
- 17 General shall determine the appropriate number of cov-

awarded under covered grant programs. The Inspector

- 18 ered grantees to be audited each year.
- 19 (c) MANDATORY EXCLUSION.—A grantee that is
- 20 found to have an unresolved audit finding under an audit
- 21 conducted under subsection (b) may not receive grant
- 22 funds under a covered grant program in the fiscal year
- 23 following the fiscal year to which the finding relates.
- 24 (d) Reimbursement.—If a covered grantee is
- 25 awarded funds under the covered grant program from

1	which it received a grant award during the 1-fiscal-year
2	period during which the covered grantee is ineligible for
3	an allocation of grant funds under subsection (c), the At-
4	torney General shall—
5	(1) deposit into the General Fund of the Treas-
6	ury an amount that is equal to the amount of the
7	grant funds that were improperly awarded to the
8	covered grantee; and
9	(2) seek to recoup the costs of the repayment
10	to the Fund from the covered grantee that was im-
11	properly awarded the grant funds.
12	(e) Priority of Grant Awards.—The Attorney
13	General, in awarding grants under a covered grant pro-
14	gram shall give priority to eligible entities that during the
15	2-year period preceding the application for a grant have
16	not been found to have an unresolved audit finding.
17	(f) Nonprofit Requirements.—
18	(1) Prohibition.—A nonprofit organization
19	that holds money in offshore accounts for the pur-
20	pose of avoiding the tax described in section 511(a)
21	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, shall not be
22	eligible to receive, directly or indirectly, any funds
23	from a covered grant program.
24	(2) Disclosure.—Each nonprofit organization
25	that is a covered grantee shall disclose in its applica-

1	tion for such a grant, as a condition of receipt of
2	such a grant, the compensation of its officers, direc-
3	tors, and trustees. Such disclosure shall include a
4	description of the criteria relied on to determine
5	such compensation.
6	(g) Prohibition on Lobbying Activity.—
7	(1) In general.—Amounts made available
8	under a covered grant program may not be used by
9	any covered grantee to—
10	(A) lobby any representative of the Depart-
11	ment of Justice regarding the award of grant
12	funding; or
13	(B) lobby any representative of the Federal
14	Government or a State, local, or tribal govern-
15	ment regarding the award of grant funding.
16	(2) Penalty.—If the Attorney General deter-
17	mines that a covered grantee has violated paragraph
18	(1), the Attorney General shall—
19	(A) require the covered grantee to repay
20	the grant in full; and
21	(B) prohibit the covered grantee from re-
22	ceiving a grant under the covered grant pro-
23	gram from which it received a grant award dur-
24	ing at least the 5-year period beginning on the
25	date of such violation.

4					
	CEC	504	FFDFBAI	PEFNTRY	IMPROVEMENTS

2	(a) Responsible Reintegration of Offend-
3	ERS.—Section 212 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34
4	U.S.C. 60532) is repealed.
5	(b) Federal Prisoner Reentry Initiative.—
6	Section 231 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (434
7	U.S.C. 60541) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (g)—
9	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "carried
10	out during fiscal years 2009 and 2010" and in-
11	serting "carried out during fiscal years 2019
12	through 2023"; and
13	(B) in paragraph (5)(A)(ii), by striking
14	"the greater of 10 years or";
15	(2) by striking subsection (h);
16	(3) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection
17	(h); and
18	(4) in subsection (h), as so redesignated, by
19	striking "2009 and 2010" and inserting "2019
20	through 2023".
21	(c) Enhancing Reporting Requirements Per-
22	TAINING TO COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS.—Section 3624(c)
23	of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
24	(1) in paragraph (5), in the second sentence, by
25	inserting ", and number of prisoners not being
26	placed in community corrections facilities for each

1	reason set forth" before ", and any other informa-
2	tion"; and
3	(2) in paragraph (6), by striking "the Second
4	Chance Act of 2007" and inserting "the Second
5	Chance Reauthorization Act of 2018".
6	(d) Termination of Study on Effectiveness of
7	DEPOT NALTREXONE FOR HEROIN ADDICTION.—Section
8	244 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60554)
9	is repealed.
10	(e) Authorization of Appropriations for Re-
11	SEARCH.—Section 245 of the Second Chance Act of 2007
12	(34 U.S.C. 60555) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "243, and 244" and inserting
14	"and 243"; and
15	(2) by striking "\$10,000,000 for each of the
16	fiscal years 2009 and 2010" and inserting
17	" $$5,000,000$ for each of the fiscal years 2019, 2020,
18	2021, 2022, and 2023".
19	(f) Federal Prisoner Recidivism Reduction
20	Programming Enhancement.—
21	(1) In General.—Section 3621 of title 18,
22	United States Code, as amended by section 102(a)
23	of this Act, is amended—
24	(A) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
25	section (i); and

1	(B) by inserting after subsection (f) the
2	following:
3	"(g) Partnerships To Expand Access to Re-
4	ENTRY PROGRAMS PROVEN TO REDUCE RECIDIVISM.—
5	"(1) Definition.—The term 'demonstrated to
6	reduce recidivism' means that the Director of Bu-
7	reau of Prisons has determined that appropriate re-
8	search has been conducted and has validated the ef-
9	fectiveness of the type of program on recidivism.
10	"(2) Eligibility for recidivism reduction
11	PARTNERSHIP.—A faith-based or community-based
12	nonprofit organization that provides mentoring or
13	other programs that have been demonstrated to re-
14	duce recidivism is eligible to enter into a recidivism
15	reduction partnership with a prison or community-
16	based facility operated by the Bureau of Prisons.
17	"(3) Recidivism reduction partnerships.—
18	The Director of the Bureau of Prisons shall develop
19	policies to require wardens of prisons and commu-
20	nity-based facilities to enter into recidivism reduc-
21	tion partnerships with faith-based and community-
22	based nonprofit organizations that are willing to pro-
23	vide, on a volunteer basis, programs described in
24	paragraph (2).

1	"(4) Reporting requirement.—The Director
2	of the Bureau of Prisons shall submit to Congress
3	an annual report on the last day of each fiscal year
4	that—
5	"(A) details, for each prison and commu-
6	nity-based facility for the fiscal year just
7	ended—
8	"(i) the number of recidivism reduc-
9	tion partnerships under this section that
10	were in effect;
11	"(ii) the number of volunteers that
12	provided recidivism reduction program-
13	ming; and
14	"(iii) the number of recidivism reduc-
15	tion programming hours provided; and
16	"(B) explains any disparities between fa-
17	cilities in the numbers reported under subpara-
18	graph (A).".
19	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made
20	by paragraph (1) shall take effect 180 days after the
21	date of enactment of this Act.
22	(g) Repeals.—
23	(1) Section 2978 of title I of the Omnibus
24	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34
25	U.S.C. 10633) is repealed.

1	(2) Part CC of title I of the Omnibus Crime
2	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C.
3	10581 et seq.) is repealed.
4	SEC. 505. FEDERAL INTERAGENCY REENTRY COORDINA
5	TION.
6	(a) REENTRY COORDINATION.—The Attorney Gen-
7	eral, in consultation with the Secretary of Housing and
8	Urban Development, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary
9	of Education, the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-
10	ices, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, the Secretary of
11	Agriculture, and the heads of such other agencies of the
12	Federal Government as the Attorney General considers
13	appropriate, and in collaboration with interested persons
14	service providers, nonprofit organizations, and State, trib-
15	al, and local governments, shall coordinate on Federal pro-
16	grams, policies, and activities relating to the reentry of
17	individuals returning from incarceration to the commu-
18	nity, with an emphasis on evidence-based practices and
19	protection against duplication of services.
20	(b) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
21	of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in con-
22	sultation with the Secretaries listed in subsection (a), shall
23	submit to Congress a report summarizing the achieve-
24	ments under subsection (a), and including recommenda-

1 tions for Congress that would further reduce barriers to

2 successful reentry.

3 SEC. 506. CONFERENCE EXPENDITURES.

- 4 (a) Limitation.—No amounts authorized to be ap-
- 5 propriated to the Department of Justice under this title,
- 6 or any amendments made by this title, may be used by
- 7 the Attorney General, or by any individual or organization
- 8 awarded discretionary funds under this title, or any
- 9 amendments made by this title, to host or support any
- 10 expenditure for conferences that uses more than \$20,000
- 11 in Department funds, unless the Deputy Attorney General
- 12 or such Assistant Attorney Generals, Directors, or prin-
- 13 cipal deputies as the Deputy Attorney General may des-
- 14 ignate, provides prior written authorization that the funds
- 15 may be expended to host a conference. A conference that
- 16 uses more than \$20,000 in such funds, but less than an
- 17 average of \$500 in such funds for each attendee of the
- 18 conference, shall not be subject to the limitations of this
- 19 section.
- 20 (b) Written Approval.—Written approval under
- 21 subsection (a) shall include a written estimate of all costs
- 22 associated with the conference, including the cost of all
- 23 food and beverages, audiovisual equipment, honoraria for
- 24 speakers, and any entertainment.

1	(e) Report.—The Deputy Attorney General shall
2	submit an annual report to the Committee on the Judici-
3	ary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of
4	the House of Representatives on all approved conference
5	expenditures referenced in this section.
6	SEC. 507. EVALUATION OF THE SECOND CHANCE ACT PRO-
7	GRAM.
8	(a) Evaluation of the Second Chance Act
9	GRANT PROGRAM.—Not later than 5 years after the date
10	of enactment of this Act, the National Institute of Justice
11	shall evaluate the effectiveness of grants used by the De-
12	partment of Justice to support offender reentry and recidi-
13	vism reduction programs at the State, local, Tribal, and
14	Federal levels. The National Institute of Justice shall
15	evaluate the following:
16	(1) The effectiveness of such programs in rela-
17	tion to their cost, including the extent to which the
18	programs improve reentry outcomes, including em-
19	ployment, education, housing, reductions in recidi-
20	vism, of participants in comparison to comparably
21	situated individuals who did not participate in such
22	programs and activities.
23	(2) The effectiveness of program structures and
24	mechanisms for delivery of services.

1	(3) The impact of such programs on the com-
2	munities and participants involved.
3	(4) The impact of such programs on related
4	programs and activities.
5	(5) The extent to which such programs meet
6	the needs of various demographic groups.
7	(6) The quality and effectiveness of technical
8	assistance provided by the Department of Justice to
9	grantees for implementing such programs.
10	(7) Such other factors as may be appropriate.
11	(b) Authorization of Funds for Evaluation.—
12	Not more than 1 percent of any amounts authorized to
13	be appropriated to carry out the Second Chance Act grant
14	program shall be made available to the National Institute
15	of Justice each year to evaluate the processes, implemen-
16	tation, outcomes, costs, and effectiveness of the Second
17	Chance Act grant program in improving reentry and re-
18	ducing recidivism. Such funding may be used to provide
19	support to grantees for supplemental data collection, anal-
20	ysis, and coordination associated with evaluation activities.
21	(c) Techniques.—Evaluations conducted under this
22	section shall use appropriate methodology and research
23	designs. Impact evaluations conducted under this section
24	shall include the use of intervention and control groups

chosen by random assignment methods, to the extent possible.

- 3 (d) Metrics and Outcomes for Evaluation.—
- 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days 5 after the date of enactment of this Act, the National 6 Institute of Justice shall consult with relevant stake-7 holders and identify outcome measures, including 8 employment, housing, education, and public safety, 9 that are to be achieved by programs authorized
- 10 under the Second Chance Act grant program and

11 the metrics by which the achievement of such out-

12 comes shall be determined.

2

- 13 (2) Publication.—Not later than 30 days 14 after the date on which the National Institute of Justice identifies metrics and outcomes under para-15 16 graph (1), the Attorney General shall publish such 17
- 18 (e) Data Collection.—As a condition of award

metrics and outcomes identified.

- 19 under the Second Chance Act grant program (including
- 20 a subaward under section 3021(b) of title I of the Omni-
- 21 bus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34)
- 22 U.S.C. 10701(b))), grantees shall be required to collect
- 23 and report to the Department of Justice data based upon
- the metrics identified under subsection (d). In accordance
- with applicable law, collection of individual-level data

1	under a pledge of confidentiality shall be protected by the
2	National Institute of Justice in accordance with such
3	pledge.
4	(f) Data Accessibility.—Not later than 5 years
5	after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Insti-
6	tute of Justice shall—
7	(1) make data collected during the course of
8	evaluation under this section available in de-identi-
9	fied form in such a manner that reasonably protects
10	a pledge of confidentiality to participants under sub-
11	section (e); and
12	(2) make identifiable data collected during the
13	course of evaluation under this section available to
14	qualified researchers for future research and evalua-
15	tion, in accordance with applicable law.
16	(g) Publication and Reporting of Evaluation
17	FINDINGS.—The National Institute of Justice shall—
18	(1) not later than 365 days after the date on
19	which the enrollment of participants in an impact
20	evaluation is completed, publish an interim report on
21	such evaluation;
22	(2) not later than 90 days after the date on
23	which any evaluation is completed, publish and make
24	publicly available such evaluation; and

1	(3) not later than 60 days after the completion
2	date described in paragraph (2), submit a report to
3	the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
4	Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary
5	of the Senate on such evaluation.
6	(h) SECOND CHANCE ACT GRANT PROGRAM DE-
7	FINED.—In this section, the term "Second Chance Act
8	grant program" means any grant program reauthorized
9	under this title and the amendments made by this title.
10	SEC. 508. GAO REVIEW.
11	Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment
12	of the First Step Act of 2018 the Comptroller General
13	of the United States shall conduct a review of all of the
14	grant awards made under this title and amendments made
15	by this title that includes—
16	(1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the re-
17	entry programs funded by grant awards under this
18	title and amendments made by this title at reducing
19	recidivism, including a determination of which re-
20	entry programs were most effective;
21	(2) recommendations on how to improve the ef-
22	fectiveness of reentry programs, including those for
23	which prisoners may earn time credits under the
24	First Step Act of 2018; and

SIL18C54 S.L.C.

1	(3) an evaluation of the effectiveness of mental
2	health services, drug treatment, medical care, job
3	training and placement, educational services, and vo-
4	cational services programs funded under this title
5	and amendments made by this title.

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS CRIMINAL JUSTICE

8 SEC. 601. PLACEMENT OF PRISONERS CLOSE TO FAMILIES.

9 Section 3621(b) of title 18, United States Code, is 10 amended—

(1) by striking "shall designate the place of the prisoner's imprisonment." and inserting "shall designate the place of the prisoner's imprisonment, and shall, subject to bed availability, the prisoner's security designation, the prisoner's programmatic needs, the prisoner's mental and medical health needs, any request made by the prisoner related to faith-based needs, recommendations of the sentencing court, and other security concerns of the Bureau of Prisons, place the prisoner in a facility as close as practicable to the prisoner's primary residence, and to the extent practicable, in a facility within 500 driving miles of that residence. The Bureau shall, subject to consideration of the factors described in the preceding sentence and the prisoner's preference for

1	staying at his or her current facility or being trans-
2	ferred, transfer prisoners to facilities that are closer
3	to the prisoner's primary residence even if the pris-
4	oner is already in a facility within 500 driving miles
5	of that residence."; and
6	(2) by adding at the end the following: "Not-
7	withstanding any other provision of law, a designa-
8	tion of a place of imprisonment under this sub-
9	section is not reviewable by any court.".
10	SEC. 602. HOME CONFINEMENT FOR LOW-RISK PRISONERS.
11	Section 3624(c)(2) of title 18, United States Code,
12	is amended by adding at the end the following: "The Bu-
13	reau of Prisons shall, to the extent practicable, place pris-
14	oners with lower risk levels and lower needs on home con-
15	finement for the maximum amount of time permitted
16	under this paragraph.".
17	SEC. 603. FEDERAL PRISONER REENTRY INITIATIVE REAU-
18	THORIZATION; MODIFICATION OF IMPOSED
19	TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.
20	(a) Federal Prisoner Reentry Initiative Re-
21	AUTHORIZATION.—Section 231(g) of the Second Chance
22	Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60541(g)) is amended—
23	(1) in paragraph (1)—

1	(A) by inserting "and eligible terminally ill
2	offenders" after "elderly offenders" each place
3	the term appears;
4	(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking "a
5	Bureau of Prisons facility' and inserting "Bu-
6	reau of Prisons facilities";
7	(C) in subparagraph (B)—
8	(i) by striking "the Bureau of Prisons
9	facility" and inserting "Bureau of Prisons
10	facilities"; and
11	(ii) by inserting ", upon written re-
12	quest from either the Bureau of Prisons or
13	an eligible elderly offender or eligible ter-
14	minally ill offender" after "to home deten-
15	tion"; and
16	(D) in subparagraph (C), by striking "the
17	Bureau of Prisons facility" and inserting "Bu-
18	reau of Prisons facilities";
19	(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "or eligible
20	terminally ill offender" after "elderly offender";
21	(3) in paragraph (3), as amended by section
22	504(b)(1)(A) of this Act, by striking "at least one
23	Bureau of Prisons facility" and inserting "Bureau of
24	Prisons facilities"; and
25	(4) in paragraph (4)—

1	(A) by inserting "or eligible terminally ill
2	offender" after "each eligible elderly offender";
3	and
4	(B) by inserting "and eligible terminally ill
5	offenders" after "eligible elderly offenders";
6	and
7	(5) in paragraph (5)—
8	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
9	(i) in clause (i), striking "65 years of
10	age" and inserting "60 years of age"; and
11	(ii) in clause (ii), as amended by sec-
12	tion 504(b)(1)(B) of this Act, by striking
13	"75 percent" and inserting "2/3"; and
14	(B) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(D) ELIGIBLE TERMINALLY ILL OF-
16	FENDER.—The term 'eligible terminally ill of-
17	fender' means an offender in the custody of the
18	Bureau of Prisons who—
19	"(i) is serving a term of imprisonment
20	based on conviction for an offense or of-
21	fenses that do not include any crime of vio-
22	lence (as defined in section 16(a) of title
23	18, United States Code), sex offense (as
24	defined in section 111(5) of the Sex Of-
25	fender Registration and Notification Act

1	(34 U.S.C. 20911(5))), offense described
2	in section $2332b(g)(5)(B)$ of title 18
3	United States Code, or offense under chap-
4	ter 37 of title 18, United States Code;
5	"(ii) satisfies the criteria specified in
6	clauses (iii) through (vii) of subparagraph
7	(A); and
8	"(iii) has been determined by a med-
9	ical doctor approved by the Bureau of
10	Prisons to be—
11	"(I) in need of care at a nursing
12	home, intermediate care facility, or
13	assisted living facility, as those terms
14	are defined in section 232 of the Na-
15	tional Housing Act (12 U.S.C
16	1715w); or
17	"(II) diagnosed with a terminal
18	illness.''.
19	(b) Increasing the Use and Transparency of
20	Compassionate Release.—Section 3582 of title 18
21	United States Code, is amended—
22	(1) in subsection (c)(1)(A), in the matter pre-
23	ceding clause (i), by inserting after "Bureau of Pris-
24	ons," the following: "or upon motion of the defend-
25	ant after the defendant has fully exhausted all ad-

1	ministrative rights to appeal a failure of the Bureau
2	of Prisons to bring a motion on the defendant's be-
3	half or the lapse of 30 days from the receipt of such
4	a request by the warden of the defendant's facility,
5	whichever is earlier,";
6	(2) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
7	section (e); and
8	(3) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
9	lowing:
10	"(d) Notification Requirements.—
11	"(1) TERMINAL ILLNESS DEFINED.—In this
12	subsection, the term 'terminal illness' means a dis-
13	ease or condition with an end-of-life trajectory.
14	"(2) Notification.—The Bureau of Prisons
15	shall, subject to any applicable confidentiality re-
16	quirements—
17	"(A) in the case of a defendant diagnosed
18	with a terminal illness—
19	"(i) not later than 72 hours after the
20	diagnosis notify the defendant's attorney,
21	partner, and family members of the de-
22	fendant's condition and inform the defend-
23	ant's attorney, partner, and family mem-
24	bers that they may prepare and submit on
25	the defendant's behalf a request for a sen-

1	tence reduction pursuant to subsection
2	(e)(1)(A);
3	"(ii) not later than 7 days after the
4	date of the diagnosis, provide the defend-
5	ant's partner and family members (includ-
6	ing extended family) with an opportunity
7	to visit the defendant in person;
8	"(iii) upon request from the defendant
9	or his attorney, partner, or a family mem-
10	ber, ensure that Bureau of Prisons employ-
11	ees assist the defendant in the preparation
12	drafting, and submission of a request for a
13	sentence reduction pursuant to subsection
14	(e)(1)(A); and
15	"(iv) not later than 14 days of receipt
16	of a request for a sentence reduction sub-
17	mitted on the defendant's behalf by the de-
18	fendant or the defendant's attorney, part-
19	ner, or family member, process the re-
20	quest;
21	"(B) in the case of a defendant who is
22	physically or mentally unable to submit a re-
23	quest for a sentence reduction pursuant to sub-
24	section (c)(1)(A)—

1	"(i) inform the defendant's attorney,
2	partner, and family members that they
3	may prepare and submit on the defend-
4	ant's behalf a request for a sentence reduc-
5	tion pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(A);
6	"(ii) accept and process a request for
7	sentence reduction that has been prepared
8	and submitted on the defendant's behalf by
9	the defendant's attorney, partner, or fam-
10	ily member under clause (i); and
11	"(iii) upon request from the defendant
12	or his attorney, partner, or family member,
13	ensure that Bureau of Prisons employees
14	assist the defendant in the preparation
15	drafting, and submission of a request for a
16	sentence reduction pursuant to subsection
17	(e)(1)(A); and
18	"(C) ensure that all Bureau of Prisons fa-
19	cilities regularly and visibly post, including in
20	prisoner handbooks, staff training materials
21	and facility law libraries and medical and hos-
22	pice facilities, and make available to prisoners
23	upon demand, notice of—

1	"(i) a defendant's ability to request a
2	sentence reduction pursuant to subsection
3	(c)(1)(A);
4	"(ii) the procedures and timelines for
5	initiating and resolving requests described
6	in clause (i); and
7	"(iii) the right to appeal a denial of a
8	request described in clause (i) after all ad-
9	ministrative rights to appeal within the
10	Bureau of Prisons have been exhausted.
11	"(3) Annual report.—Not later than 1 year
12	after the date of enactment of this subsection, and
13	once every year thereafter, the Director of the Bu-
14	reau of Prisons shall submit to the Committee on
15	the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on
16	the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a re-
17	port on requests for sentence reductions pursuant to
18	subsection (c)(1)(A), which shall include a descrip-
19	tion of, for the previous year—
20	"(A) the number of prisoners granted and
21	denied sentence reductions, categorized by the
22	criteria relied on as the grounds for a reduction
23	in sentence;
24	"(B) the number of requests initiated by
25	or on behalf of prisoners, categorized by the cri-

1	teria relied on as the grounds for a reduction
2	in sentence;
3	"(C) the number of requests that Bureau
4	of Prisons employees assisted prisoners in
5	drafting, preparing, or submitting, categorized
6	by the criteria relied on as the grounds for a re-
7	duction in sentence, and the final decision made
8	in each request;
9	"(D) the number of requests that attor-
10	neys, partners, or family members submitted on
11	a defendant's behalf, categorized by the criteria
12	relied on as the grounds for a reduction in sen-
13	tence, and the final decision made in each re-
14	quest;
15	"(E) the number of requests approved by
16	the Director of the Bureau of Prisons, cat-
17	egorized by the criteria relied on as the grounds
18	for a reduction in sentence;
19	"(F) the number of requests denied by the
20	Director of the Bureau of Prisons and the rea-
21	sons given for each denial, categorized by the
22	criteria relied on as the grounds for a reduction
23	in sentence;
24	"(G) for each request, the time elapsed be-
25	tween the date the request was received by the

1	warden and the final decision, categorized by
2	the criteria relied on as the grounds for a re-
3	duction in sentence;
4	"(H) for each request, the number of pris-
5	oners who died while their request was pending
6	and, for each, the amount of time that had
7	elapsed between the date the request was re-
8	ceived by the Bureau of Prisons, categorized by
9	the criteria relied on as the grounds for a re-
10	duction in sentence;
11	"(I) the number of Bureau of Prisons noti-
12	fications to attorneys, partners, and family
13	members of their right to visit a terminally ill
14	defendant as required under paragraph
15	(2)(A)(ii) and, for each, whether a visit oc-
16	curred and how much time elapsed between the
17	notification and the visit;
18	"(J) the number of visits to terminally ill
19	prisoners that were denied by the Bureau of
20	Prisons due to security or other concerns, and
21	the reasons given for each denial; and
22	"(K) the number of motions filed by de-
23	fendants with the court after all administrative
24	rights to appeal a denial of a sentence reduction
25	had been exhausted, the outcome of each mo-

1	tion, and the time that had elapsed between the
2	date the request was first received by the Bu-
3	reau of Prisons and the date the defendant filed
4	the motion with the court.".
5	SEC. 604. IDENTIFICATION FOR RETURNING CITIZENS.
6	(a) Identification and Release Assistance for
7	FEDERAL PRISONERS.—Section 231(b) of the Second
8	Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60541(b)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1)—
10	(A) by striking "(including" and inserting
11	"prior to release from a term of imprisonment
12	in a Federal prison or if the individual was not
13	sentenced to a term of imprisonment in a Fed-
14	eral prison, prior to release from a sentence to
15	a term in community confinement, including";
16	and
17	(B) by striking "or birth certificate) prior
18	to release" and inserting "and a birth certifi-
19	cate"; and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(4) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
22	'community confinement' means residence in a com-
23	munity treatment center, halfway house, restitution
24	center, mental health facility, alcohol or drug reha-
25	bilitation center, or other community facility.".

1	(b) Duties of the Bureau of Prisons.—Section
2	4042(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
3	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (D) and (E) as
4	paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively;
5	(2) in paragraph (6) (as so redesignated)—
6	(A) in clause (i)—
7	(i) by striking "Social Security
8	Cards,"; and
9	(ii) by striking "and" at the end;
10	(B) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause
11	(iii);
12	(C) by inserting after clause (i) the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(ii) obtain identification, including a
15	social security card, driver's license or
16	other official photo identification, and a
17	birth certificate; and";
18	(D) in clause (iii) (as so redesignated), by
19	inserting after "prior to release" the following:
20	"from a sentence to a term of imprisonment in
21	a Federal prison or if the individual was not
22	sentenced to a term of imprisonment in a Fed-
23	eral prison, prior to release from a sentence to
24	a term of community confinement"; and

1	(E) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii), and
2	(iii) (as so amended) as subparagraphs (A),
3	(B), and (C), respectively, and adjusting the
4	margins accordingly; and
5	(3) in paragraph (7) (as so redesignated), by
6	redesignating clauses (i) through (vii) as subpara-
7	graphs (A) through (G), respectively, and adjusting
8	the margins accordingly.
9	SEC. 605. EXPANDING INMATE EMPLOYMENT THROUGH
10	FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES.
11	(a) New Market Authorizations.—Chapter 307
12	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
13	after section 4129 the following:
14	"§ 4130. Additional markets
15	"(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
16	(b), notwithstanding any other provision of law, Federal
	(b), notwithstanding any other provision of law, Federal Prison Industries may sell products to—
17	Prison Industries may sell products to—
17 18	Prison Industries may sell products to— "(1) public entities for use in penal or correc-
17 18 19	Prison Industries may sell products to— "(1) public entities for use in penal or correctional institutions;
17 18 19 20	Prison Industries may sell products to— "(1) public entities for use in penal or correctional institutions; "(2) public entities for use in disaster relief or
17 18 19 20 21	Prison Industries may sell products to— "(1) public entities for use in penal or correctional institutions; "(2) public entities for use in disaster relief or emergency response;
17 18 19 20 21 22	Prison Industries may sell products to— "(1) public entities for use in penal or correctional institutions; "(2) public entities for use in disaster relief or emergency response; "(3) the government of the District of Colum-

- 1 Revenue Code of 1986 that is exempt from taxation
- 2 under section 501(a) of such Code.
- 3 "(b) Office Furniture.—Federal Prison Indus-
- 4 tries may not sell office furniture to the organizations de-
- 5 scribed in subsection (a)(4).
- 6 "(c) Definitions.—In this section:
- 7 "(1) The term 'office furniture' means any
- 8 product or service offering intended to meet the fur-
- 9 nishing needs of the workplace, including office,
- 10 healthcare, educational, and hospitality environ-
- ments.
- 12 "(2) The term 'public entity' means a State, a
- subdivision of a State, an Indian tribe, and an agen-
- cy or governmental corporation or business of any of
- the foregoing.
- 16 "(3) The term 'State' means a State, the Dis-
- 17 trict of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 18 Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mar-
- iana Islands, and the United States Virgin Islands.".
- 20 (b) Technical Amendment.—The table of sections
- 21 for chapter 307 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 22 ed by inserting after the item relating to section 4129 the
- 23 following:

"4130. Additional markets.".

- 24 (c) Deferred Compensation.—Section 4126(c)(4)
- 25 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting

1	after "operations," the following: "not less than 15 per-
2	cent of such compensation for any inmate shall be reserved
3	in the fund or a separate account and made available to
4	assist the inmate with costs associated with release from
5	prison,".
6	(d) GAO Report.—Beginning not later than 90 days
7	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller
8	General of the United States shall conduct an audit of
9	Federal Prison Industries that includes the following:
10	(1) An evaluation of Federal Prison Industries's
11	effectiveness in reducing recidivism compared to
12	other rehabilitative programs in the prison system.
13	(2) An evaluation of the scope and size of the
14	additional markets made available to Federal Prison
15	Industries under this section and the total market
16	value that would be opened up to Federal Prison In-
17	dustries for competition with private sector providers
18	of products and services.
19	(3) An evaluation of whether the following fac-
20	tors create an unfair competitive environment be-
21	tween Federal Prison Industries and private sector
22	providers of products and services which would be
23	exacerbated by further expansion:
24	(A) Federal Prison Industries's status as a
25	mandatory source of supply for Federal agen-

	100
1	cies and the requirement that the buying agen-
2	cy must obtain a waiver in order to make a
3	competitive purchase from the private sector if
4	the item to be acquired is listed on the schedule
5	of products and services published by Federal
6	Prison Industries.
7	(B) Federal Prison Industries's ability to
8	determine that the price to be paid by Federal
9	Agencies is fair and reasonable, rather than
10	such a determination being made by the buying
11	agency.
12	(C) An examination of the extent to which
13	Federal Prison Industries is bound by the re-
14	quirements of the generally applicable Federal
15	Acquisition Regulation pertaining to the con-
16	formity of the delivered product with the speci-
17	fied design and performance specifications and
18	adherence to the delivery schedule required by
19	the Federal agency, based on the transactions
20	being categorized as interagency transfers.
21	(D) An examination of the extent to which
22	Federal Prison Industries avoids transactions
23	that are little more than pass through trans-
24	actions where the work provided by inmates

1	does not create meaningful value or meaningful
2	work opportunities for inmates.
3	(E) The extent to which Federal Prison
4	Industries must comply with the same worker
5	protection, workplace safety and similar regula-
6	tions applicable to, and enforceable against,
7	Federal contractors.
8	(F) The wages Federal Prison Industries
9	pays to inmates, taking into account inmate
10	productivity and other factors such as security
11	concerns associated with having a facility in a
12	prison.
13	(G) The effect of any additional cost ad-
14	vantages Federal Prison Industries has over
15	private sector providers of goods and services,
16	including—
17	(i) the costs absorbed by the Bureau
18	of Prisons such as inmate medical care and
19	infrastructure expenses including real es-
20	tate and utilities; and
21	(ii) its exemption from Federal and
22	State income taxes and property taxes.
23	(4) An evaluation of the extent to which the
24	customers of Federal Prison Industries are satisfied
25	with quality, price, and timely delivery of the prod-

1	ucts and services provided it provides, including
2	summaries of other independent assessments such as
3	reports of agency inspectors general, if applicable.
4	SEC. 606. DE-ESCALATION TRAINING.
5	Beginning not later than 1 year after the date of en-
6	actment of this Act, the Director of the Bureau of Prisons
7	shall incorporate into training programs provided to offi-
8	cers and employees of the Bureau of Prisons (including
9	officers and employees of an organization with which the
10	Bureau of Prisons has a contract to provide services relat-
11	ing to imprisonment) specialized and comprehensive train-
12	ing in procedures to—
13	(1) de-escalate encounters between a law en-
14	forcement officer or an officer or employee of the
15	Bureau of Prisons, and a civilian or a prisoner (as
16	such term is defined in section 3635 of title 18,
17	United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of
18	this Act); and
19	(2) identify and appropriately respond to inci-
20	dents that involve the unique needs of individuals
21	who have a mental illness or cognitive deficit.
22	SEC. 607. EVIDENCE-BASED TREATMENT FOR OPIOID AND
23	HEROIN ABUSE.
24	(a) Report on Evidence-based Treatment for
25	OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE.—Not later than 90 days

1 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of

- 2 the Bureau of Prisons shall submit to the Committees on
- 3 the Judiciary and the Committees on Appropriations of
- 4 the Senate and of the House of Representatives a report
- 5 assessing the availability of and the capacity of the Bureau
- 6 of Prisons to treat heroin and opioid abuse through evi-
- 7 dence-based programs, including medication-assisted
- 8 treatment where appropriate. In preparing the report, the
- 9 Director shall consider medication-assisted treatment as
- 10 a strategy to assist in treatment where appropriate and
- 11 not as a replacement for holistic and other drug-free ap-
- 12 proaches. The report shall include a description of plans
- 13 to expand access to evidence-based treatment for heroin
- 14 and opioid abuse for prisoners, including access to medica-
- 15 tion-assisted treatment in appropriate cases. Following
- 16 submission, the Director shall take steps to implement
- 17 these plans.
- 18 (b) Report on the Availability of Medication-
- 19 Assisted Treatment for Opioid and Heroin Abuse,
- 20 AND IMPLEMENTATION THEREOF.—Not later than 120
- 21 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director
- 22 of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts
- 23 shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary and the
- 24 Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and of the
- 25 House of Representatives a report assessing the avail-

- 1 ability of and capacity for the provision of medication-as-
- 2 sisted treatment for opioid and heroin abuse by treatment
- 3 service providers serving prisoners who are serving a term
- 4 of supervised release, and including a description of plans
- 5 to expand access to medication-assisted treatment for her-
- 6 oin and opioid abuse whenever appropriate among pris-
- 7 oners under supervised release. Following submission, the
- 8 Director will take steps to implement these plans.

9 SEC. 608. PILOT PROGRAMS.

- 10 (a) In General.—The Bureau of Prisons shall es-
- 11 tablish each of the following pilot programs for 5 years,
- 12 in at least 20 facilities:
- 13 (1) Mentorship for youth.—A program to
- pair youth with volunteers from faith-based or com-
- munity organizations, which may include formerly
- incarcerated offenders, that have relevant experience
- or expertise in mentoring, and a willingness to serve
- as a mentor in such a capacity.
- 19 (2) Service to abandoned, rescued, or
- 20 OTHERWISE VULNERABLE ANIMALS.—A program to
- equip prisoners with the skills to provide training
- and therapy to animals seized by Federal law en-
- forcement under asset forfeiture authority and to or-
- 24 ganizations that provide shelter and similar services

- 1 to abandoned, rescued, or otherwise vulnerable ani-
- 2 mals.
- 3 (b) Reporting Requirement.—Not later than 1
- 4 year after the conclusion of the pilot programs, the Attor-
- 5 ney General shall report to Congress on the results of the
- 6 pilot programs under this section. Such report shall in-
- 7 clude cost savings, numbers of participants, and informa-
- 8 tion about recidivism rates among participants.
- 9 (c) Definition.—In this title, the term "youth"
- 10 means a prisoner (as such term is defined in section 3635
- 11 of title 18, United States Code, as added by section 101(a)
- 12 of this Act) who was 21 years of age or younger at the
- 13 time of the commission or alleged commission of the crimi-
- 14 nal offense for which the individual is being prosecuted
- 15 or serving a term of imprisonment, as the case may be.
- 16 SEC. 609. ENSURING SUPERVISION OF RELEASED SEXU-
- 17 ALLY DANGEROUS PERSONS.
- 18 (a) Probation Officers.—Section 3603 of title 18,
- 19 United States Code, is amended in paragraph (8)(A) by
- 20 striking "or 4246" and inserting ", 4246, or 4248".
- 21 (b) Pretrial Services Officers.—Section 3154
- 22 of title 18, United States Code, is amended in paragraph
- 23 (12)(A) by striking "or 4246" and inserting ", 4246, or
- 24 4248".

1 SEC. 610. DATA COLLECTION.

2	(a) National Prisoner Statistics Program.—
3	Beginning not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
4	ment of this Act, and annually thereafter, pursuant to the
5	authority under section 302 of the Omnibus Crime Control
6	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3732), the Direc-
7	tor of the Bureau of Justice Statistics, with information
8	that shall be provided by the Director of the Bureau of
9	Prisons, shall include in the National Prisoner Statistics
10	Program the following:
11	(1) The number of prisoners (as such term is
12	defined in section 3635 of title 18, United States
13	Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act) who
14	are veterans of the Armed Forces of the United
15	States.
16	(2) The number of prisoners who have been
17	placed in solitary confinement at any time during
18	the previous year.
19	(3) The number of female prisoners known by
20	the Bureau of Prisons to be pregnant, as well as the
21	outcomes of such pregnancies, including information
22	on pregnancies that result in live birth, stillbirth,
23	miscarriage, abortion, ectopic pregnancy, maternal
24	death, neonatal death, and preterm birth.
25	(4) The number of prisoners who volunteered to
26	participate in a substance abuse treatment program,

1	and the number of prisoners who have participated
2	in such a program.
3	(5) The number of prisoners provided medica-
4	tion-assisted treatment with medication approved by
5	the Food and Drug Administration while in custody
6	in order to treat substance use disorder.
7	(6) The number of prisoners who were receiving
8	medication-assisted treatment with medication ap-
9	proved by the Food and Drug Administration prior
10	to the commencement of their term of imprisonment.
11	(7) The number of prisoners who are the parent
12	or guardian of a minor child.
13	(8) The number of prisoners who are single,
14	married, or otherwise in a committed relationship.
15	(9) The number of prisoners who have not
16	achieved a GED, high school diploma, or equivalent
17	prior to entering prison.
18	(10) The number of prisoners who, during the
19	previous year, received their GED or other equiva-
20	lent certificate while incarcerated.
21	(11) The numbers of prisoners for whom
22	English is a second language.
23	(12) The number of incidents, during the pre-
24	vious year, in which restraints were used on a female
25	prisoner during pregnancy, labor, or postpartum re-

1	covery, as well as information relating to the type of
2	restraints used, and the circumstances under which
3	each incident occurred.
4	(13) The vacancy rate for medical and
5	healthcare staff positions, and average length of
6	such a vacancy.
7	(14) The number of facilities that operated, at
8	any time during the previous year, without at least
9	1 clinical nurse, certified paramedic, or licensed phy-
10	sician on site.
11	(15) The number of facilities that during the
12	previous year were accredited by the American Cor-
13	rectional Association.
14	(16) The number and type of recidivism reduc-
15	tion partnerships described in section 3621(h)(5) of
16	title 18, United States Code, as added by section
17	102(a) of this Act, entered into by each facility.
18	(17) The number of facilities with remote learn-
19	ing capabilities.
20	(18) The number of facilities that offer pris-
21	oners video conferencing.
22	(19) Any changes in costs related to legal phone
23	calls and visits following implementation of section
24	3632(d)(1) of title 18, United States Code, as added
25	by section 101(a) of this Act.

1 (20) The number of aliens in prison during the 2 previous year. 3 (21) For each Bureau of Prisons facility, the 4 total number of violations that resulted in reductions 5 in rewards, incentives, or time credits, the number 6 of such violations for each category of violation, and 7 the demographic breakdown of the prisoners who 8 have received such reductions. 9 (22) The number of assaults on Bureau of Pris-10 ons staff by prisoners and the number of criminal 11 prosecutions of prisoners for assaulting Bureau of 12 Prisons staff. 13 (23) The capacity of each recidivism reduction 14 program and productive activity to accommodate eli-15 gible inmates at each Bureau of Prisons facility. 16 (24) The number of volunteers who were cer-17 tified to volunteer in a Bureau of Prisons facility, 18 broken down by level (level I and level II), and by 19 each Bureau of Prisons facility. 20 (25) The number of prisoners enrolled in recidi-21 vism reduction programs and productive activities at 22 each Bureau of Prisons facility, broken down by risk 23 level and by program, and the number of those en-24 rolled prisoners who successfully completed each pro-25 gram.

- 1 (26) The breakdown of prisoners classified at
- 2 each risk level by demographic characteristics, in-
- 3 cluding age, sex, race, and the length of the sentence
- 4 imposed.
- 5 (b) Report to Judiciary Committees.—Begin-
- 6 ning not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 7 of this Act, and annually thereafter for a period of 7 years,
- 8 the Director of the Bureau of Justice Statistics shall sub-
- 9 mit a report containing the information described in para-
- 10 graphs (1) through (26) of subsection (a) to the Com-
- 11 mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee
- 12 on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.

13 SEC. 611. HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS.

- (a) AVAILABILITY.—The Director of the Bureau of
- 15 Prisons shall make the healthcare products described in
- 16 subsection (c) available to prisoners for free, in a quantity
- 17 that is appropriate to the healthcare needs of each pris-
- 18 oner.
- 19 (b) QUALITY PRODUCTS.—The Director shall ensure
- 20 that the healthcare products provided under this section
- 21 conform with applicable industry standards.
- 22 (c) Products.—The healthcare products described
- 23 in this subsection are tampons and sanitary napkins.

1	SEC. 612. ADULT AND JUVENILE COLLABORATION PRO-
2	GRAMS.
3	Section 2991 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
4	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10651) is amend-
5	ed—
6	(1) in subsection $(b)(4)$ —
7	(A) by striking subparagraph (D); and
8	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as
9	subparagraph (D);
10	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "may use up
11	to 3 percent" and inserting "shall use not less than
12	6 percent"; and
13	(3) by amending subsection (g) to read as fol-
14	lows:
15	"(g) Collaboration Set-Aside.—The Attorney
16	General shall use not less than 8 percent of funds appro-
17	priated to provide technical assistance to State and local
18	governments receiving grants under this part to foster col-
19	laboration between such governments in furtherance of the
20	purposes set forth in section 3 of the Mentally Ill Offender $$
21	Treatment and Crime Reduction Act of 2004 (34 U.S.C.
22	10651 note).".
23	SEC. 613. JUVENILE SOLITARY CONFINEMENT.
24	(a) In General.—Chapter 403 of title 18, United
25	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
26	lowing:

1	"§ 5043. Juvenile solitary confinement
2	"(a) Definitions.—In this section—
3	"(1) the term 'covered juvenile' means—
4	"(A) a juvenile who—
5	"(i) is being proceeded against under
6	this chapter for an alleged act of juvenile
7	delinquency; or
8	"(ii) has been adjudicated delinquent
9	under this chapter; or
10	"(B) a juvenile who is being proceeded
11	against as an adult in a district court of the
12	United States for an alleged criminal offense;
13	"(2) the term 'juvenile facility' means any facil-
14	ity where covered juveniles are—
15	"(A) committed pursuant to an adjudica-
16	tion of delinquency under this chapter; or
17	"(B) detained prior to disposition or con-
18	viction; and
19	"(3) the term 'room confinement' means the in-
20	voluntary placement of a covered juvenile alone in a
21	cell, room, or other area for any reason.
22	"(b) Prohibition on Room Confinement in Ju-
23	VENILE FACILITIES.—
24	"(1) In general.—The use of room confine-
25	ment at a juvenile facility for discipline, punishment,
26	retaliation, or any reason other than as a temporary

1	response to a covered juvenile's behavior that poses
2	a serious and immediate risk of physical harm to
3	any individual, including the covered juvenile, is pro-
4	hibited.
5	"(2) Juveniles posing risk of harm.—
6	"(A) REQUIREMENT TO USE LEAST RE-
7	STRICTIVE TECHNIQUES.—
8	"(i) In general.—Before a staff
9	member of a juvenile facility places a cov-
10	ered juvenile in room confinement, the
11	staff member shall attempt to use less re-
12	strictive techniques, including—
13	"(I) talking with the covered ju-
14	venile in an attempt to de-escalate the
15	situation; and
16	"(II) permitting a qualified men-
17	tal health professional to talk to the
18	covered juvenile.
19	"(ii) Explanation.—If, after at-
20	tempting to use less restrictive techniques
21	as required under clause (i), a staff mem-
22	ber of a juvenile facility decides to place a
23	covered juvenile in room confinement, the
24	staff member shall first—

147

1	"(I) explain to the covered juve-
2	nile the reasons for the room confine-
3	ment; and
4	"(II) inform the covered juvenile
5	that release from room confinement
6	will occur—
7	"(aa) immediately when the
8	covered juvenile regains self-con-
9	trol, as described in subpara-
10	graph (B)(i); or
11	"(bb) not later than after
12	the expiration of the time period
13	described in subclause (I) or (II)
14	of subparagraph (B)(ii), as appli-
15	cable.
16	"(B) Maximum period of confine-
17	MENT.—If a covered juvenile is placed in room
18	confinement because the covered juvenile poses
19	a serious and immediate risk of physical harm
20	to himself or herself, or to others, the covered
21	juvenile shall be released—
22	"(i) immediately when the covered ju-
23	venile has sufficiently gained control so as
24	to no longer engage in behavior that
25	threatens serious and immediate risk of

1	physical harm to himself or herself, or to
2	others; or
3	"(ii) if a covered juvenile does not suf-
4	ficiently gain control as described in clause
5	(i), not later than—
6	"(I) 3 hours after being placed in
7	room confinement, in the case of a
8	covered juvenile who poses a serious
9	and immediate risk of physical harm
10	to others; or
11	"(II) 30 minutes after being
12	placed in room confinement, in the
13	case of a covered juvenile who poses a
14	serious and immediate risk of physical
15	harm only to himself or herself.
16	"(C) RISK OF HARM AFTER MAXIMUM PE-
17	RIOD OF CONFINEMENT.—If, after the applica-
18	ble maximum period of confinement under sub-
19	clause (I) or (II) of subparagraph (B)(ii) has
20	expired, a covered juvenile continues to pose a
21	serious and immediate risk of physical harm de-
22	scribed in that subclause—
23	"(i) the covered juvenile shall be
24	transferred to another juvenile facility or
25	internal location where services can be pro-

1	vided to the covered juvenile without rely-
2	ing on room confinement; or
3	"(ii) if a qualified mental health pro-
4	fessional believes the level of crisis service
5	needed is not currently available, a staff
6	member of the juvenile facility shall ini-
7	tiate a referral to a location that can meet
8	the needs of the covered juvenile.
9	"(D) Spirit and Purpose.—The use of
10	consecutive periods of room confinement to
11	evade the spirit and purpose of this subsection
12	shall be prohibited.".
13	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
14	The table of sections for chapter 403 of title 18, United
15	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing:

 $\lq\lq 5043.$ Juvenile solitary confinement. $\lq\lq$